Cambria Freeman.

L. JOHNSTON, Editor.

HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE.

H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher.

VOLUME 1. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1867. NUMBER 34.

WHOLESALE

RUG STORE!

W. HARSHBERGER & CO.,

MAIN STREET,

OPPOSITE SCOTT HOUSE,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

constantly for sale the largest and best assortment of pure

RUGS & MEDICINES

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

NTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

Alcohol, Turpentine,

Wines and Liquors, best brands,

4000 Lbs. White Lead,

DYE-STUFFS, GLASS, PUTTY,

in fact everything kept in a first-class Drug Store, all of which will be

LD AT CITY PRICES.

HLER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS,

by the dozen or by the gallon.

OUR STOCK OF

umeries and Toilet Articles

knowledged by all judges to be the

GEST IN QUAN TITY

AND FINEST IN QUALITY

OF ANY IN OUR TOWN.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

P'S MOUNTAIN HERB BITTERS

AND

RP'S MAGIC OINTMENT!

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED AT LOWEST PRICES.

nstown, Aug. 15, 1867.-1y.

OND COMPETITION!

STABLISHED 1856.

THE OLDEST

RUG STORE

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

T. FRAZER

Keeps constantly on hand the

RGEST,

CHEAPEST

AND BEST

TMENT OF GOODS PERTAINING TO THE

RUG BUSINESS

the County, which he offers

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

TO THE TRADE AND PUBLIC

LOWEST RATES!

C. T. FRAZER,

Franklin Street,

(OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE,)

HNSTOWN, PENN'A.

ETTO DRUG STORE.

n hand, a large and well selected stock of fresh

JGS AND MEDICINES,

ints, Oils and Varnishes,

and Unadulterated Liquors,

for medicinal purposes,

OBACCO AND CIGARS,

Paper and Window Shades, all styles,

S AND CHIMNEYS,

BURNERS AND WICKS,

good article of REFINED PETROLEUM.

Also, a large supply of

Lead, Putty, Window Glass, &c,

ALWAYS ON HAND,

UMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,

INCLUDING

NAIL AND TOOTH BRUSHES,

shes, Toilet and Tooth Preparations,

N'S AND PHALON'S EXTRACTS,

Soaps, Fancy Goods, &c.

ULL LINE OF STATIONERY.

ny medicines are warranted of a pure ity. I am prepared to fill Prescriptions *accuracy and dispatch*, at all hours of y or night. Open on Sunday for the medicines.

A. J. CHRISTY.

nto, June 27, 1867.-3m*

JOSEPH ZOLNER

st opened, and offers for sale lower than they can be bought elsewhere, a splendid lot of Gold and Silver, twenty-four hour and fine WATCHES of every description, ACCORDEONS, JEWELRY, and a variety of all articles in his line. Repairing of Clocks, Watches, and all kinds of jewelry, done on short notice and most reasonable terms. All work warranted.—Shop in his shop, High street, opposite Mountain House, Ebensburg. [sep.5,'67.]

QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Best Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST.
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST.
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED,

Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese; Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.

NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a fine assortment of the best and latest style of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand Bologna Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All of which will be sold at small profit.

GEO. GURLEY,
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
January 31, 1867.

HOLLIDAYSBURG!

JACOB M. PIRCHER,

FASHIONABLE

CLOTHIER & TAILOR,

Has just opened a full assortment of well selected and most desirable

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

Gents and Boys furnished with CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, &c., of the latest styles and best material, at the *LOWEST CASH PRICES.*

A VARIETY OF PIECE GOODS, which will be sold by the yard or made to order in the most approved manner.

Having given full satisfaction to his customers for more than TWENTY FIVE YEARS, he guarantees the same to all who may favor him with their patronage in the future.

☞Store on the west side of Montgomery street, below Blair, next door to Masonic Hall, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [my23.1y.]

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN. —FARM FOR SALE.—The Farm owned and occupied by the subscriber, situated in Munster township, Cambria county, four miles south-east of Ebensburg and one-fourth mile from Samuel O'Hara's Mill, containing 121 ACRES and allowance, is offered for sale on reasonable terms and easy payments. Eighty acres of the above land are cleared, under good fence, and in excellent farming condition. The improvements consist of a two-story PLANK HOUSE and a large FRAME BARN, both in good preservation, as well as all other necessary outbuildings. An extensive orchard of choice fruit trees and never-failing springs of excellent water are on the premises. Further information can be obtained by making application to DANIEL O'HARA.

Munster Tp., May 30, 1867.-tf2*

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS! —Being desirous of retiring from business, I offer for sale the *Ebensburg Foundry*, with all its appurtenances, including all the real and personal property thereto belonging, the engine, patterns, flasks, &c. Also, all the stock, manufactured and unmanufactured, consisting of Threshing Machines, Cooking Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Plows and Castings of various kinds. As I am determined to sell, purchasers may rely upon getting any or all the above named articles cheaper than they can be had anywhere else in Pennsylvania. The public are invited to call and judge for themselves.

July 4, 1867.-6m. E. GLASS.

TOM. P. DAVIS,

WITH

BOYD & STROUD,

Importers and Dealers in

QUEENSWARE, CHINA and GLASS,

No. 32 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

Four doors below Merchants' Hotel, PHILA.

FLEM. HOLLIDAY,

WITH

GRAFF, WATKINS & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

426 MARKET STREET,

Aug. 22, 1867. *PHILADELPHIA.*

DR. T. F. M'CLURE, SURGEON DENTIST, Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa. Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite, Cheoplastic, &c. ☞Professional visits made to Chest Springs the first week and to Loretto the second week of each month.

Carrolltown, July 4, 1867.-6m.$2*

JAMES CONNOR,

Wholesale Grocer,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, BACON, FISH AND SALT,

No. 355 Liberty street,

June 27, 1867. *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

IF you want to buy goods on long credit and pay big prices, don't go to Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

POCKET KNIVES, TABLE KNIVES and Forks, Spoons, &c., can be bought cheap for cash at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

12 DOZ. WOODEN BUTTER BOWLS just received and for sale low for *cash* at [feb.28.] GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

Original Poetry.

TO MY FATHER.

In childhood, dear father, I saw thee,
In the beauty and bloom of life,
Full able to struggle with care
And triumph in every strife.

Thou wert healthful, and stalwart, and strong,
No sorrow upon thy brow:
Not wrinkled and bowed in thy form,
Dear father, as thou seemest now.

And then, 'mid the trials of life,
Thou ever wert tender to me,
And watched o'er my youthful years
As the mariner scans the sea.

And now, when the winter of life
Has fallen upon thy head,
And thou art so palsied and frail—
Perhaps on thy dying bed—

It is meet that I should, in turn,
Watch over thy fading years,
And soothe, in some measure, thy pains,
And solace thy dying fears.

Johnstown, Sept. 7, 1867. L. A. E.

Original Correspondence.

LETTER FROM PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17, 1867.

Dear Freeman—It is now evident to every one who observes passing events, and who reflects upon the new opinion which is arising throughout the various States, that some great change, either for good or for evil, is about to take place—in fact, that a momentous crisis is at hand. Be it our task to discern the signs of the times, to watch the progress of this crisis and direct it for good instead of evil, for good and evil in a pre-eminent degree are now before the country, and people should no longer defer making a choice as to whether they shall adopt general measures to attain the former or ensure a continuance and increase of the latter.

The time is immediately before us when either reason or physical violence of the worst character must attain the mastery in the future direction of the government which is now deemed most civilized. This is the important issue now before us. Calm reflection, devoid of prejudice in favor of old errors, will convince every one, even our greatest Radical time-servers, that the real, substantial, permanent interests of mankind will be promoted by substituting reason for our guide and director instead of mystery, fraud and violence.

Our most rabid Radical friends are now commencing to see that all their hypocrisy will be unmasked, and that *veritas vincet omnia*. Many leading spirits among them are coming to a sense of the right. *The Press* no longer dwells on the topics of the day. It is wavering. Col. Forney should return from his perigrinations and infuse, if possible, new energy into its columns. The *New York Tribune* is also clearing the course and devoting its editorial pages almost exclusively to foreign affairs. Why does not the *Tribune* come over at once to the Democratic side? There is nothing more disgraceful or culpable than for persons to persist in what they know to be wrong.

If you had marked the many Radical meetings which have lately been held in this city you would agree with me in saying that there are signs and tokens in the political sky that give glimpses of a change that must be for the better. Hear or read of the authors of those insufferable calamities which now afflict the people speaking at public meetings without having thought, or without having been trained from infancy to think, correctly, in my opinion, on any subject—exciting the feelings and passions of others by the fervor and copiousness of their long harangues, in the midst of which, if there was a fight or a fire, many would run to witness it rather than have their ears bored by *thread-bare politicians* engaged in denouncing certain public individuals and lauding others to the skies, and when the speeches are concluded the proper number of cheers and groans are given, and the patience of the audience, a large portion of whom, tho' they hold up their hands in support of resolutions, cannot hear what those resolutions are, being exhausted, all retire perfectly satisfied with themselves, cordially detesting their partisans, and anxiously looking for a report of the speeches and resolutions in the next day's papers, in perusing which you will see that opposing sentiments have been cheered by the same people. Thus, you see, Radical politicians are making meal and mi k of things here.

Then comes the morning press, rising in the greatness of its strength, mighty to stimulate and prompt to cater, which seems to guide public opinion because it follows it, and under whose strong and exhaustive appeals the weak minds of the Radical multitude bend like standing corn bends when a powerful wind sweeps over the field.

Things are evidently changing for the better. The Radicals are battling among themselves, and we are assured that "the house which is divided against itself cannot stand." So pitch in, men of Pennsylvania. Embrace the opportunity—take the advantage. Follow the noble example set you by California, Maine, Connecticut, &c.

Now, at least, might we exclaim (in consideration of the change in the times, if not from an intuitive conviction that the truth shall at last triumph,) with the wise Emperor, Raon-Tasso, "The monarch depends upon the nation at large, and the nation depends upon the laboring classes. To extort from the people in order to present to the monarch is like cutting the flesh from one's body to fill the stomach. The stomach may be filled, but the body will die—the monarch may be enriched but the country will perish."

This is an example for the radicals, who are causing the people to be heavily tax-ridden by keeping a tremendous army in the field and filling their own stomachs by the command thereof. T. N. S.

TO CUT GLASS to any shape, without a diamond, hold it quite level under water, and with a pair of strong scissors clip it away by small bits from the edges.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

In the year 1825, a young man who was serving an apprenticeship in London to a master-sail-maker, got leave to visit his mother to spend the Christmas holidays. She lived a few miles beyond Deal in Kent. He walked the journey, and on his arrival at Deal in the evening, being much fatigued and also troubled with the bowel complaint, he applied to the landlady of a public house, who was unacquainted with his mother, for a night's lodging. Her house was full and every bed occupied; but she told him that if he would sleep with her uncle who had lately come ashore, and was boatswain of an Indiaman, he should be welcome. He was glad to accept the offer, and after spending the evening with his new comrade they retired to rest.

In the middle of the night he was attacked with his old complaint, and waking his bedfellow, he asked him the way to the garden. The boatswain told him to go through the kitchen; but as he would find it difficult to open the door into the yard, the latch being out of order, he desired him to take a knife out of his pocket with which he could raise the latch. The young man did as he was directed, and after remaining nearly half an hour in the yard, he returned to his bed, but was much surprised to find that his old companion had risen and gone. Being impatient to visit his mother and friends, he also arose before day and pursued his journey, and arrived at home at noon. The landlady, who had been told of his intention to depart early, was not surprised; but not seeing her uncle in the morning, she went to call him. She was dreadfully shocked to find the bed stained with blood; and every inquiry after her uncle was in vain.

The alarm now became general, and on further examination, marks of blood were traced from the bedroom into the street, and at intervals down to the edge of the pier head. Rumor was immediately busy, and suspicion fell of course upon the young man who had slept with him, that he had committed the murder and thrown the body over the pier into the sea. A warrant was issued for his arrest and he was taken, that evening, at his mother's house.

On his being examined and searched, marks of blood were discovered on his shirt and trousers, and in his pocket was a knife and remarkable silver coin, both of which the landlady swore positively were her uncle's property, and that she saw them in his possession on the evening he retired to rest with the young man. On these circumstances the youth was found guilty.

He related all the above particulars in his defence; but as he could not account for the blood on his person, unless he got them when he retired to bed, nor for the silver coin being in his possession, his story was not credited. The certainty of the boatswain's disappearance, and the blood at the pier, traced from his bedroom, were supposed to be too evident signs that he was murdered; and even the judge was so convinced of his guilt that he ordered his execution to take place in three days. At the fatal tree the youth declared his innocence, and persisted in it with such affecting aseverations that many pitied him, though none doubted the justice of his sentence.

The executioners of those days were not so expert at their trade as modern ones, nor were drops or platforms invented. The young man was very tall. His feet sometimes touched the ground; and some of his friends who surrounded the gallows, contrived to give the body some support as it was suspended. After being cut down those friends bore it speedily away in a coffin, and in a few minutes animation was restored and the innocent saved. When he was able to move his friends insisted on his leaving the country and never returning. He accordingly traveled by night to Portsmouth, where he entered on board a man of war on the point of sailing to a distant part of the world; and as he changed his name, and disguised his person, his melancholy story was never discovered. After a few years of service, during which his exemplary conduct was the cause of his promotion through the lower grades, he was at last made a master's mate; and the ship being paid off in the West Indies, he and a few more of the crew were transferred to another man-of-war which had just arrived, short of hands, from a distant station. What were his feelings of astonishment, and then delight and ecstacy, when almost the first person he saw on board was the identical boatswain, for whose murder he had been tried, convicted and executed five years before! Nor was the surprise of the old boatswain less when he heard the story.

An explanation of all the mysterious circumstances then took place. It appeared that the boatswain had been bled for a pain in the side, by a barber, unknown to his neice, on the same day of the young man's arrival at D.; that when the young man awakened him, and retired to the yard, he found the bandage had come off his arm during the night, and the blood was flowing afresh. Being alarmed, he rose to go to the barber, who lived across the street, but a press gang laid hold of him just as he left the house. They hurried him to the pier where their boat was waiting; a few minutes brought them on board the frigate then under weigh for the East Indies; and he omitted ever writing home to account for his disappearance. Thus were the chief circumstances explained by the two friends strangely met. The silver coin being in the possession of the young man could only be explained by the conjecture that when he took the knife from the pocket of the boatswain, it stuck between the blades and in this manner became the strongest proof against him.

On their return to England, this wonderful explanation was told the judge and jury who tried the case, and it is probable they never after convicted a man on circumstantial evidence. It also made a great noise in Kent at the time.

"THE OLD WOMAN."

Once she was "Mother," and it was "Mother, I'm hungry," "Mother, mend my jacket," and "Mother, put up my dinner," and "Mother," with her loving hands, would spread the bread and butter, and stow away the luncheon, and sew on the great patch, her heart brimming with affection for the impetuous little curly pate that made her so many steps and nearly distracted her with his boisterous mirth.

Now she is the "old woman," but she did not think then that it would come to that. She looked on through the future years and saw her boy to manhood grown; and he stood transfigured in the light of her own beautiful love. Never was there a more noble son than he—honored of the world, and the staff of her declining years.

Aye, he was her support even then, but she did not know it. She never realized that it was her little boy that gave her strength for daily toil—that his slender form was all that upheld her over the brink of a dark despair. She only knew how she loved the child, and felt that amid the mists of age his love would bear her gently through its infirmities to the dark hall leading to the life beyond.

But the son has forgotten the mother's tender ministrations now. Once adrift from the moorings of home he is cold, selfish, heartless, and "Mother" has no sacred meaning to the prodigal. She is the "old woman," wrinkled, gray, lame and blind. Pity her, O grave, and dry those tears that roll down her furrowed cheeks! Have compassion on her sensitive heart, and offer it thy quiet rest, that it may forget how much it longed to be "dear mother" to the boy it nourished through a careless childhood, who in return for all this wealth of tenderness has only given back reproach.

PAINFUL.—A correspondent furnishes the following: "Our district school was kept at one time by a young man named Paine. Among the girls attending school was Patience M——, a lively, good-natured Miss of eighteen. It soon became evident that she was the favorite of the teacher, as nearly all his leisure time was spent in her company, and their smiles and love glances during school hours could not be passed unnoticed. One day W——, one of the boys, and a general favorite of the whole school, burst out in a fit of laughter, and being asked by the teacher for his reasons for so doing, he declined to answer. The teacher, however, insisted, and threatened to punish him, not only for laughing, but for refusing to answer. W—— said he would answer the question, if the teacher would promise not to punish him. After some hesitation the teacher gave the required promise.

"I was thinking," said W——, "of the following line of Dr. Watts:

"'See gentle Patience smile on Pain.'"

The effect upon the school can be better imagined than described. Patience M—— did not attend school after that day, and soon after its close was married to the teacher, and, for aught I know, continues to smile on Paine.

THE BIRD OF THE TOLLING BELL.—Among the highest woods and deepest glens of Brazil a sound is sometimes heard, so singular that the noise seems quite unnatural; it is like the distant and solemn tolling of a church bell, struck at intervals. This extraordinary noise proceeds from the arawanda. The bird sits on the top of the highest trees in the deepest forests, and though constantly heard in the most desert places, it is very rarely seen. It is impossible to conceive anything of more solitary character than the profound silence of the woods, broken only by the metalic and almost supernatural sound of this invisible bird, coming from the air, and seeming to follow wherever you go. The "arawanda" is white, with a circle of red around its eyes; its size is about that of a small pigeon.

A NATURAL CURIOSITY.—In a cave in the Virtud, in the Southern part of the department of Choluteca, Honduras, there is a natural curiosity, called the "Fountain of Blood." This fountain consists of a stream of fluid resembling blood, which drops steadily from the roof of the cave upon the floor beneath. It forms pools of coagulated matter upon the floor, and imparts its color to a small brook which flows from the cave. The liquid has not only the color, but the taste and smell of blood, and when exposed to the air for a short time emits a very offensive odor. No satisfactory analysis has been made of it, and various theories have been advanced concerning it.

GAMBLING FOR LIFE.

A friend narrated to us a few years since, an anecdote of early times in West Tennessee, which we will attempt to repeat even at the risk of losing the graphic simplicity of his conversational narrative. Some eighteen or twenty years since a well known resident of Tipton county was put on his trial, charged with the murder of his wife. As usual in such cases, popular feeling was largely against him, and all the eloquence and ingenuity of his counsel were required to make any impression in his favor upon a jury, which, however impartial it might desire to be in the consciousness of sworn duty, could not but see the waves of popular prejudice surging in upon it.

The case was ably argued. The counsel for the defence made most vigorous and impassionate appeals. The case was submitted to the jury; and they retired to make up their verdict. Time passed, and as the setting sun warned all of the approaching night, the large throng in attendance, the judge, counsel, etc., retired, all anxious, the accused not the least so, to learn the verdict of the jury, and some wondering that the jury hesitated for one moment to bring in a verdict of guilty. In the meantime the jury had come to a point beyond which they could progress no further. The appeals of the counsel for the defence had not been without their influence, and the jury stood unchangeable, six for conviction and six for acquittal. Something had to be done. In those days twelve good fellows could not be got together for a night, and sleep. Cards appeared mysteriously from the depths of sundry large pockets, and exercises in seven-up and poker were zealously commenced.

About midnight one of their number, Col. P., proposed that they should play a game of seven-up, the result to decide the verdict. The proposition was heartily and unanimously agreed to, in all seriousness, and the whole crowd collected around Col. P., and his opponent, who proceeded to play the game on which was staked a human life. Col. P. played to save the accused. His opponent played, and quite as zealously, to secure the conviction. The backers, five and five, stood behind them, encouraging the champions, and watching the game, dimly seen by the light of the tallow candles, with the most intense interest.

The game proceeded with very equal fortune, till both parties stood at six and six. It was Col. P.'s deal; he dealt and TURNED JACK! The prisoner was acquitted, and every man of the jury raised a shout which startled the whole village, even the revelers in the "grocery." Next morning the jury went into court, and gave to the astonishment of many, the verdict of "not guilty." The juryman who played an unsuccessful game for human life, still lives, a much respected citizen of this district. One of the counsel is a very distinguished member of the Memphis bar, and the accused has, we believe, gone to a higher court; but neither of them, nor any of the assemblage, nor the court, who marvelled at the verdict, eighteen years ago, have ever known that a human life was saved by *turning Jack!* There are some curious episodes in the history of our early settlements; but who would think of venturing life upon turning Jack?—*Memphis Eagle.*

A HANDSOME young widow applied to a physician to relieve her of three distressing complaints, with which she was affected.

"In the first place," said she, "I have little or no appetite. What shall I take for that?"

"For that, madam, you should take air and exercise."

"And, doctor, I am quite fidgetty at night time, and afraid to be alone. What shall I take for that?"

"For that, madam, I can only recommend that you take a husband."

"Fie! doctor. But I have the blues terribly. What shall I take for that?"

"For that, madam, you have, besides taking air and a husband, to take the newspapers."

Sensible doctor, that.

THE wife of Mr. Cyrus Hagler, while washing in an out-house a short distance from her residence, on Monday, says the Washington (Fayette county) *Register*, was murderously if not fatally injured, by being knocked down with a club. The affair was enveloped in mystery for a few days, when a negro boy, about nineteen years of age, who had been working on the farm about a year, confessed that he and another negro had committed the infernal deed, and that they intended to murder the whole family, commencing with Mrs. Hagler, who is a most estimable lady, beloved and esteemed by all her acquaintances. Her injuries may not prove immediately fatal, yet fears are entertained that they will sooner or later terminate her life.—*Ohio Statesman.*

DURING the war a lady was distributing religious tracts to the occupants of the ward of a hospital, and was excessively shocked to hear one poor fellow laugh at her. She stopped to reprove the wretched patient. "Why, ma'am," says he, "you have given me a tract on the sin of dancing, when I have got both legs shot off."

Night Scene in a Boarding House.

A lady, whose husband is in California, Calcutta, or Chicago, suddenly awakened from her sleep the other morning, about 2 o'clock, and springing from her bed, dashed out of her room *en dishabille*, screaming at the top of her voice, "Murder! Help! Murder! Man in my room," etc., etc. Under the circumstances this was quite natural, inasmuch as more than one mistake of this kind had happened in the house recently. Now, it appeared that no less than three husbands were absent when they should have been there, and consequently there was more or less wonder, mixed up with a species of apprehension on the part of the three wives, each one wondering whether it was her husband who had thus forgotten himself or the room.

"Oh, come up quickly," shouted the terrified female holding on to the outside door knob, "I've got him in."

"If it's my Jersey," said another disconsolate, "I'll learn him better. Confound these night suppers, now he's been at one of them and has mistaken the room, and there I've been alone all night."

"Has he got whiskers?" anxiously asked the wife, upon reaching the landing on the upper floor.

"Yes, ma'am, great big bushy whiskers, laying right along side of my cheek when I awoke. Dear me, if my Alexander was here, he'd l a n him better, I'll warrant you."

"Joseph! Joseph! Josey!" shouted the wife at the door.

No answer came; not even a grunt, incident to inebriation.

"May be he has jumped out of the window," suggested the four or five females, all at once, who made a splendid group of long white drapery.

"Here—help! bring a light," shouted several of the females.

Presently a light was brought, and several of the male boarders appeared, all armed to give the thief or robber such treatment as he had justly earned for himself. The door was opened and in rushed the valient squad, and sure enough the fellow was still in bed, with the top of his head just peeping above the sheet.

"Come out of here, you scoundrel!" said one of the men, at the same time grasping him by the hair.

The tableau was strikingly interesting and graphic.

The resolute boarder fell from the impetus he had given himself, for, instead of jerking out a man, it was nothing more than a "waterfall," which the lovely occupant of the bed had forgotten to take off when she retired for the night. It had been detached in her sleep, and grazing her cheek, awakened her. The alarm, of course, was quite natural. The boarders had a hearty laugh, and all retired to happy dreams.—*Phila. Press.*

SLEEPING EQUALITY.—The Enterprise (Miss.) *Star* tells a good story of a Rev. Mr. Talley, who recently began in Lis pulpit ministrations the doctrine of the perfect equality of the negro and the white man. As a result, he was lionized by the "darkeys." An old gentleman of the white persuasion, residing in the neighborhood where this missionary of equality was laboring, saw proper to doubt Mr. Talley's sincerity, and told a favorite boy—an old time house and body servant, who had imbibed great confidence in Mr. Talley as a sincere man—that he had as well keep his money, if he intended to give Mr. Talley any, until he could test his sincerity. A new idea struck Jack. Mr. Talley was to stay all night at Jack's master's. When he retired to bed, Jack accompanied the reverend gentleman to his room and held him in long conversation on the equality doctrine, until Mr. Talley was fully committed to it, and thoroughly sleepy, he took off his coat ready for bed; so did Jack. Boots came next; so did Jack's. Talley's pants off; Jack's ditto. In jumped Mr. Talley into bed, pulling the drapery of his couch around him.

"Look here, Jack, what are you up to?" quoth Mr Talley.

"Nuffin' tall, sir. I'se goin' to be 'down to' somefin, dat's all," replied Jack.

"What's that you are going to be 'down to'?" saith his reverence.

"Well. I'se going to bed wid you, dat's all dar is about it. I is jes as good as you is acording to de Lord's gospel by you, and I is tired of sleeping wid myself in the shuck pen. So I is gwine to sleep wid you in master's bed," said Jack.

Mr. Talley took a deliberate, indignant survey of Jack from head to foot, jumped out of bed, and irreverently said what the soldier always says of a mule, and skedaddled!

A MINISTER'S little daughter was in the room where her father was engaged in preparing a sermon. A visitor came in to whom the minister said, "I am endeavoring to prepare a sermon on the text, 'Enoch walked with God and was not, for God took him.'" Little Rachel looked up and said, with evident concern, "Pa, why didn't he run, then he couldn't have took him?"

A LITTLE GIRL of three years was saying her prayers not long since, when her little brother about four years old, came slyly behind her and pulled her hair. Without moving her head, she paused, and said: "Please, Lord, excuse me a minute while I kick Herby."

CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
THURSDAY, : : : SEPT. 26, 1867.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:
HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD,
Of Philadelphia.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
Hon. JOHN P. LINTON, Johnstown.
FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN A. BLAIR, Ebensburg.
FOR TREASURER:
JOHN COX, Conemaugh.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN A. KENNEDY, Carrolltown.
FOR JURY COMMISSIONER:
JOHN BUCK, Carrolltown.
FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
JOHN D. THOMAS, Ebensburg.
FOR AUDITORS:
EDW. D. EVANS, Croyle, 3 years.
H. R. SHAFFER, Conemaugh, 1 year.
FOR CORONER:
J. A. HARROLD, Johnstown.

PUSH ON THE COLUMN!

The Radicals are alarmed! The city press of that party speak dispondingly of their prospects in Pennsylvania after the democratic victories in California, Maine, and elsewhere, and the Radical sheets in the country are taking up the doleful lamentation. The Johnstown *Tribune* "don't like the looks of things." It is evidently alarmed for the result. Fear to Radicalism is hope for the country, and it behooves every democrat to "PUSH ON THE COLUMN."

No democrat who refers back to the days of good times and light taxes, to the time when we were a united and happy people, under an economical democratic administration of the State and national governments, can fail to yearn for a return to democratic men and measures, and feel a determination to push on the Democratic column.

Those who have been deceived by the Radical cry of devotion to the Union, and find the same party throwing off the mask and even the *name* of the Union party, and falling back upon her old sectional, disunion principles, will join the true friends of the Union, and push on the Democratic column.

Those who bravely perilled their lives in the cause of the Union, and fought to preserve the Union of the States under the Constitution, and who see that the Radical theory of success is continued disunion, will unite with us in pushing on the Democratic column.

Those who believe that Congress has no right or power to establish negro suffrage in Pennsylvania against the will of her people, will act in a manner befitting men and Pennsylvanians, and push on the Democratic column.

Those in favor of placing the nabobs on the same footing as the honest farmer or mechanic, by taxing equally all the property of the country to pay the national debt, will push on the Democratic column.

Those who are unwilling to be taxed to govern the ten Southern States, believing them to be able and willing to govern themselves, will push on the Democratic column.

And, finally, those who believe that a Judge should be swayed by the laws of the land, and not by politics, will vote for George Sharswood for Supreme Judge, and thus aid in pushing on the Democratic column.

TURN OUT, DEMOCRATS!

The political skies never looked more auspicious for a Democratic victory in Pennsylvania than they do at the present time, and it only behooves every man who wishes to aid in redeeming the Commonwealth from the thraldom of fraud and tyranny which has so long oppressed it—who desires to save our people from the degrading stigma of negro suffrage, which is sought to be forced upon us by Congressional enactment—to attend the election on the second Tuesday of October next, and deposit his ballot in favor of Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD and the other nominees of the Democratic party.

The glorious news from California, Maine, Montana, &c., has completely disheartened the Radicals, and if the Democrats will only take advantage of the disaffection so plainly evident in the ranks of the opposition, there cannot be a doubt but what the day of redemption from misrule and corruption—those blighting curses which have robbed the people and sapped the foundations of a free government—will ere long dawn upon us in all its effulgent brightness.

From every section of the State comes news of the most cheering character. The people have grown heartily tired of that kind of government which robs the poor and enriches the wealthy—which taxes the laboring man and exempts the bondholder—and they have determined this fall to have a change. Enthusiasm and thorough organization pervades the Democratic ranks, and all seem to be impressed with the conviction that a great triumph awaits us at the coming election. In view of this fact, let there be a united effort on part of the true friends of constitutional liberty to bring out the full Democratic vote. Now is the time to prepare for action, and no one should permit a feeling of apathy to deter him from working zealously and unceasingly in aid of the good cause. Never since the dark cloud of despotism enshrouded our fair land has there been such a cheering prospect of redemption from the many political evils which oppress us, and if we are only true to our country, true to ourselves and true to posterity, we will strike a blow on the second Tuesday of October next which will forever crush in Pennsylvania at least that fell spirit of Radicalism which has well nigh succeeded in blotting from earth the last vestiges of a once free and honored government.

THE gain of Pennsylvania would give the Democracy substantial cause for hope in the next Presidential contest; and should it be carried with a half-disguised repudiator at the head of the successful ticket, the damage to the public credit would be deplorable.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Mr. Greeley is a man of loose political morals. His principles are conflicting and irreconcilable. He calls Judge Sharswood "a half-disguised repudiator" because he decided that a contract which expressly stipulated that it should be paid in gold, could not be legally paid in greenbacks; and he calls it "rascality" to pay the government bonds in greenbacks which contain no promise for their payment in gold.

In other words, a bond given by an individual, for gold borrowed, and specifying that it is to be paid in gold, may be legally paid, according to Mr. Greeley, in depreciated greenbacks, and a Judge who decides that such a payment is not legal, is "a half disguised repudiator." But a bond given by the government for greenbacks borrowed, when that currency was only worth half as much as gold, and the bond itself containing no specification that it is to be paid in gold, cannot be paid in greenbacks, as such payment, Mr. Greeley says, would be "rascality."

Mr. Greeley has become a great stickler for the sacred obligation of observing "public faith"—though there is no faith plighted to pay the bonds in anything better than the currency borrowed on them, and no faith would be broken by paying them in the government issues which form the legal tender money of the country, and which everybody is compelled to receive in payment of all debts.

A new light has broken in upon Mr. Greeley's mind since he denounced the "starry flag," and exhorted men to disobey the Constitution, obedience to which being the most sacred "public faith" conceivable. Such teachings occasioned the war, broke up the Union, overturned the Constitution, and crushed the country under a mountain of debt.

H. G. is a detected false teacher, who has had a fearful hand in bringing all the existing evils upon the nation. We know him but too well in Pennsylvania—at an awful cost of blood, taxation and general calamity;—so well that we are not disposed to adopt his last and favorite idea of permitting negroes to vote with us, and of associating in a Union composed, in part, of States subjected to negro governments. It will be hard to compel Pennsylvanians to submit to a government of confederated Puritans and negroes.

We, therefore, say to Mr. Greeley and his coadjutors in this disgusting and ruinous project—hands off! The citizens of Pennsylvania will try to manage their own affairs, hereafter.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

AN ASSASSINATION.—A Memphis paper furnishes an account of an occurrence in Alabama which seems to call for investigation, and demands the notice of the press. It is stated that Captain Morris Schaff, commanding the Mount Vernon Arsenal near Mobile, had a controversy with a citizen of that neighborhood, named Frederick B. Shepard, a gentleman well-known in this city in former years. In the course of the dispute Mr. Shepard, it seems, sent a written demand for satisfaction to Captain Schaff. That officer might have taken no notice, or a proper official notice of this proposal, but the following is the account of his procedure; He sent an officer with some men to arrest Shepard, had him brought within the walls of the United States Arsenal, and there, with his own hand, shot him, an unarmed prisoner, in revenge for a private grievance. Mr. Shepard died of the wounds. The assassin is still at large, protected from the local law by his own military power. It seems due to the character of our army that these circumstances, which are thus publicly alleged, should be promptly investigated. Military tyranny has indeed reached a pitch never equalled, if acts like these can be perpetrated with impunity in a civilized country. General Ord lately rebuked publicly an officer who claimed to be "a master of the people." We doubt not that General Grant will see that justice is done in the flagrant case to which public attention is now first drawn, though nearly three months have elapsed since its occurrence.—*Phila Age.*

THE Philadelphia *News* says: "The Radicals tell the bondholders that if the present Rump Congress is not a lawful Congress, their bonds are worthless. No Government bonds were issued by either Rump No. 1, or No. 2, (commonly called thirty-ninth and fortieth Congresses) consequently Government bonds do not depend for validity upon the lawful character of those bodies While the Southern States representatives remained out of Congress by *their own act*, the remaining members constituted a lawful Congress; but, when the war terminated, and the recovered States presented lawfully elected and loyal representatives, and those representatives were unlawfully excluded by the Radical majority in Congress, then the lawful Congress terminated and the unlawful Rump began. Bondholders will bear this important fact in mind."

POLITICAL ITEMS.

—The New York *Herald* has deserted Radicalism, (rats always desert a sinking ship,) and predicts a Democratic victory in Pennsylvania at the coming election.

—Our immense standing army costs two hundred and fifty millions of dollars a year. Think of that, Taxpayers, and if you like it, vote the Radical ticket. Your loyalty is estimated by the amount of tax you can pay without complaining or voting for retrenchment.

—The Radical press have been driven to a very queer shift to make capital for their candidate for the Supreme Court. They are publishing such of his decisions as were approved by the Supreme Court—neglecting, however, to allude to those which were reversed and set aside.

—The party which repudiated a portion of the interest of the State debt, will not hesitate to repudiate the principal. In 1864, the Radical Legislature of Pennsylvania passed a law changing the payment of the State interest from specie to "depreciated greenbacks." Holders of all kinds of securities will remember this on their way to the polls.

—Let the laboring men of Pennsylvania remember that they and their fellow citizens of the North are being taxed at the rate of *more than fifty millions of dollars a year*, for the purpose of establishing the supremacy of the negro in the Southern States. Let them say whether they desire a continuance of that system when they go to the polls on the 8th of October.

—White workingmen who wish negroes to labor beside them in manufactories and workshops, who desire negroes to sit by their wives in the cars, and their children in the public schools, have only to vote the Radical ticket and they will be accommodated. The party in power are pledged to all these negro movements. White men must protect their own interests from negro antagonism.

—Remember that it only requires a change of 8,590 votes on last year's election to elect Judge Sharswood. A change of only two or three votes in every election district will affect that result. Go to work vigorously, then, Democrats, for a victory this fall will insure a Democratic President, a re-union of the States, a simmering down of all agitation and the return of peace, good will and prosperity.

—Two Germans—Matthias Pholes for the Legislature and Gustave Scheitger for Sheriff—nominated by the Radicals of Davenport, Iowa, have left that party and taken their places as Democrats upon the Democratic ticket. The intolerant and proscriptive spirit of Radicalism drove them to this step and thousands of Germans, there and elsewhere in the West, have followed them out of the Radical party.

—Among the other items to be charged to Radical management, says the Chicago *Times*, are the deaths of military men, from yellow fever, in the Southern States. All these men were sent there solely and purely to register negroes for the coming Presidential election. Over the graves of such men as Griffin, should be inscribed: "Fell a victim to the Radical desire to elect a President in 1868."

—The Radical Republicans, in their purpose to subvert the Constitution of the nation and usurp unlimited power, hope to divert the attention of the people from their contemplated and partially enacted treason, by charging the President with exercising unconstitutional power. It is the old game of the professional rogue, who, in order to escape detection and arrest, when the "hue and cry" is raised, joins in the pursuit and is loudest of all in bawling "stop thief" after an imaginary criminal.

—The last Radical Legislature, to make a "soft place" for one of their "dead head" partizans, established a "branch court" called the "Criminal Court of Dauphin Lebanon and Schuylkill." The act was in every sense illegal, and was so declared by the Supreme Court; still this sinecure Judge "goes through the motions" of holding court. So far he has held three courts, but not *a single case has yet come before him*, and, what is probable, never will. This Radical luxury only costs the State three thousand five hundred dollars per year.

—Ben. Wade, in his speech at Cleveland, Ohio, the other day, said "the country is now in a perilous crisis," commenting upon which, the Springfield (Ill.) *Register* remarks: "Whose fault is it? The Radical Congress and Radical Governors in the north have been controlling the country since the close of the war. All the laws made for the government of the people, both North and South, have been made by a Radical Congress and Radical State Legislatures. If the country is in a 'perilous crisis,' the Radicals alone are responsible. They had full sway."

—In New York, the Democrats are keenly alive to the importance of the approaching election in that State. The *World* of Saturday says: "Never before in the history of State politics, so soon after the call for the State Convention was issued, have the Democrats of the interior gone to work with that singleness of purpose and determined assiduity that they have this fall. Our advices from nearly every quarter of the State are to the effect that the Democrats are closing up their ranks by thorough and efficient organization, by the sweeping away of local prejudices and jealousies, and by unity of purpose and action for the struggle that is to ensue in November."

—Urging the election of Judge Williams, Forney uses the following as a final argument: "It is also right there should be no political distinctions among any of the children of our great Republic." As Judge Williams is also pledged to make the Supreme Court a "fearless exponent of the equal rights of man," it is clear that, if elected, he will decide that the Rump Congress may overthrow our State Constitution and subvert the will of the people with a negro suffrage act. If, therefore, the people desire to maintain their Constitution and retain the right to control their domestic institutions in their own way, they must elect Judge Sharswood, whose first duty is the preservation of the Constitution.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

—It is said that lead ore has been discovered in the hills back of Wellsburg, in this State.

—A two headed snake was captured near Bethlehem, Ky, a few days ago. It was about ten inches in length.

—One of Maximilian officers, Baron de Lisle, who had escaped sentence of death in Mexico, died of fever in New York a few days since.

—The deaths from yellow fever at New Orleans still reach from forty to fifty daily. The disease is spreading to the interior towns.

—In Washington, D. C., last week, a couple were married at the grave of the mother of the bride. A queer place to light the hymenial torch.

—A piece of land, sixty acres in extent, was made opposite St. Louis by the last flood in the Mississippi, and a lawsuit is pending as to the proprietorship.

—In the course of excavation at Hull, England, oak trees in a horizontal position have been discovered imbedded in the earth, nineteen feet below the surface of the river. The wood is hard and strong.

—On the 14th. a physician by the name of Chas. Pertholdy, a Pole, violated the person of a dying child in Chicago, and made his escape, which has very properly caused great indignation.

—Two boys robbed a man's watermelon patch in Crawford county, Ind., the other day. The stolen fruit had been poisoned by the owner. One of the boys died from the feast, and the other is in a dying condition.

—A young lady at Monroe, Iowa, who had probably been set up with too late at night, recently dislocated her jaw by gaping too severely. She got it fixed, and is now ready for another "feller," provided he don't stay too late.

—The steamboat Chipola exploded her boilers, eighteen miles below Columbus, Ga., on Thursday. Six persons, two white and four colored, all employees on the boat, were killed, but the passengers are all safe. The boat is a total loss.

—In Louisville, on Tuesday evening, Charles L. Taylor, was shot dead by John M. Greenslade. Taylor had frequently gone to Greenslade's house and attempted familiarities with his wife, and was in the act of entering the house when killed.

—Two colored men whilst excavating the ground in Alexandria, near the canal basin, exhumed a tin box containing $67,000 in Alexandria corporation notes, together with a will of the testator who, upon inquiry, was ascertained to have fallen in the battle of Seven Pines.

—A young man named Regan died in Albany recently, from having a mole or wart on his face cut by a razor while being shaved. The wart was on the left cheek; and while the whole right side was paralyzed, the left leg and arm became rigid, and the face turned over the left shoulder.

—Surratt is now confined in a cell in the City Jail with Henry Johnson, charged with the murder of Thomas Smoot, in June last. They have separate cots, and are well provided with books and papers. Surratt seldom refers to the charges against him, and when he does speaks hopefully of an acquittal.

—The camp of Thomas Parker, Railroad Contractor, forty-six miles above Fort Hays, was attacked by Indians, on the 19th, at noon. Forty men were in the camp at the time of the attack. Parker and five of his men were killed. Parker's body was pierced by fifteen bullets, lance, and arrow wounds.

—A clerk in New Haven, Conn., named Charles W. Snow, has engaged in the elopement business on an extensive scale. On Tuesday last he left for parts unknown, taking along with him two charming ladies, a Mrs. Read and Miss Minnie M. Morley, both of Bridgeport. Snow will melt when the officers of justice get hold of him.

—A serious riot occurred at Manchester, England, on the 19th. Whilst a strong police force was conveying the Fenians, Col. Kelley and Deasy, to the depot, the people made an attack upon and overpowered the escort. One policeman was killed and several badly wounded. The prisoners were rescued. A large number of arrests have been made.

—A farmer living four miles south of Corinth, Tennessee, lately drained off a swamp and set fire to the brushwood. The earth therupon took fire and has been burning for two weeks. About a foot in depth of the soil has been consumed. It is supposed that the bottomless pit lies round about there and that Satan is burning out a vent through which to conveniently visit his good friend Brownlow.

—On Tuesday afternoon at a farm about six miles from Louisville, Charmer Smith shot and killed his son-in-law, Wilson McIntire. Smith's daughter complained to him of brutal treatment at the hands of her husband, McIntire, and he had gone to the house for the purpose of taking her away. A quarrel ensued. McIntire assailed his father-in-law with a knife, and the latter shot him in self defence.

—The Canton, Ohio, *Republican* says: "Late Washington letters keep intimating that Mrs. Lincoln is to be married to a gentleman of Canton, Ohio. We are not posted as to names, and are therefore not prepared to say how much credence ought to be given to this tantalizing rumor." If the Canton editor would only have been more explicit as to whom the rumor tantalizes, the public would have been better satisfied. Is it the Canton lover, or the widow, or the editor, or who is it? Pray tell us?

—A murderer was to have been hung at Indianapolis, Indiana, on the 20th, but a respite was granted by the Governor. This so exasperated the immense crowd which had gathered from all parts of the surrounding country, that they crowded all the streets and avenues about the jail, clamoring for the execution. At last accounts it was supposed the jail would be broken open and the victim lynched. Civilization evidently has not taken very deep root in Indiana—not nearly so much as Radical nigger suffrage and equality.

V. S. BARKER'S CHEAP CASH STORE! MAIN STREET!

V. S. B.

VARIETY!

STYLE!

BEAUTY!

V. S. BARKER

MORE NEW

SUMMER GOODS

AT

Lowest Prices!

HAVING JUST RECEIVED

A NEW AND

EXTENSIVE

STOCK OF

Dry Goods

DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

NOTIONS, &c.,

I DEFY

Competition!

EITHER IN

GOODS OR PRICES

and invite the

ATTENTION

OF

PURCHASERS

TO MY

SUPERB STOCK

OF

Cheap Goods

V. S. BARKER,

EBENSBURG,

CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.

AN IMMENSE REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GOODS!

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

—Pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, I, JAMES MYERS, High Sheriff of the County of Cambria, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in the county of Cambria on the SECOND TUESDAY, being the 8th day of OCTOBER, A. D. 1867, at which the following State and County officers will be elected, to wit:

One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Peunsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Cambria in the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the office of Sheriff of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Treasurer of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Commissioner of Cambria county.

Two persons to fill the office of Jury Commissioners of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Poor House Director of Cambria county.

Two persons to fill the office of Auditors, one for 3 years and one for 1 year, of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Coroner of Cambria county.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Allegheny, to meet at the office of M. Leavy, Esq., in the borough of Loretto.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Blacklick, to meet at the house of Adam Meakin, in the village of Belsano, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Cambria, to meet at the Court House in the borough of Ebensburg.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Carroll, to meet at the School House in the borough of Carrolltown.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Carrolltown, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Chest, to meet at the School House on the farm of Richard J. Proudfoot, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Chest Springs, to meet at the house of Jacob Wagner, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Clearfield, to meet at School House No. 3, adjoining the village of St. Augustine, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Conemaugh, to meet at the School House at Singer's, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Conemaugh, to meet as follows: First Ward, at the house now occupied by Peter Maitzi, in said First Ward; Second Ward, at the house now occupied by Jesse Patterson, in said Second Ward.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Cambria, to meet at School House No. 2, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Croyle, to meet at the School House in the village of Summerhill, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Ebensburg, to meet as follows: East Ward, at the Court House in said Ward; West Ward, at James Myers' Hall, in said Ward.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Gallitzin, to meet at the School House in the town of Gallitzin, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Jackson, to meet at the house of Henry Rager.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Johnstown, to meet as follows: 1st Ward, at the Public School House No. 5, in said Ward; 2d Ward, at the office of Joseph S. Strayer, Esq., on Market street, in said Ward; 3d Ward, at Foster House, in said Ward; 4th Ward, at the house of John Trefts, in said Ward; 5th Ward, at the Kernville School House, in said Ward.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Loretto, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Munster, to meet at the warehouse of Augustine Durbin, in the village of Munster, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Prospect, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Richland, to meet at the house of Jacob Kring, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Millville, to meet at the Franklin House, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Summerhill, to meet at the School House in the borough of Wilmore.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Summitville, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Susquehanna, to meet at the house of Jerome Platt, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Taylor, to meet at the School House near Jno. Headrick's, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Washington, to meet at the School House at the foot of Plane No. 4, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Wilmore, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of White, to meet at School House No. 1, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Yoder, to meet at the public house occupied by Robert Barclay.

And I further give notice, as in and by the 13th Section of the aforesaid Act I am directed to, That all persons excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or the United States, or any city or incorporated district; also, that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the select and common councils of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector or Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for. Also, in the 4th Section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved the 10th day of April, 1856, it is enacted that the foregoing 13th Section shall not be so construed as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from serving as Judge or Inspector at any general or special elections in the Commonwealth.

Also, that in the 61st Section of said Act it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue, without interruption or adjournment, until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The general, special, city, incorporated district and township elections, and all elections for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, shall be held, conducted by the Inspectors and Judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, but a white man of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and who shall within two years paid a State or County tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who had previously been a citizen of this State, and removed therefrom, returned, and who shall have resided in the election district, and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in the State six months. Provided, that sons of foreign freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless first he produce a receipt for the payment of a State or County tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give other satisfactory evidence, either on his own confirmation or that of another, that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath thereof; or, second, if he claim the right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of his residence in the district as is required by this Act, and shall declare, and does verily believe, from the account given him, that he is of the age aforesaid, or such other evidence as is required by this Act, whereupon the name of the person admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the Inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "Tax," if he shall be permitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "Age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, and the same shall be called out to the Clerks, who shall enter their notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all such cases, where the name of any person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessors, or his right to vote, whether assessed or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person touching his qualifications, and if he shall have resided within the State for one year next before the election, his oath shall not be sufficient proof of the fact, but shall make proof thereof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided in the election district more than ten days next preceding the election, and shall also himself swear to the fact of his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, who shall make due proof, as is required, of his residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he resides.

"If any person shall prevent, or attempt to prevent, any officer of any election under this act from holding such election, or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere within the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window, or avenue to the window, where the same may be held, or shall riotously disturb the peace and good order of election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $500, be imprisoned for any term not less than one month nor more than six months; and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, he shall, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the Act first aforesaid, the Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively, after the close of the election, in charge of the certificate or return of the election in their respective districts, and produce the same at the meeting of one Judge from each district, at the Court House in the borough of Ebensburg, on the third day after the day of election, being FRIDAY, the 11th day of October, A. D. 1867, and then and there proceed to count the votes and perform those duties required of them by law.

And further, if any Judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend at said meeting of Judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken out of the box by one of the Inspectors or Clerks of the election of the same district, who shall in like manner perform the duties of said Judge unable to attend.

"That the qualified voters of the several townships and wards of the several counties of this Commonwealth, and of the several districts, composed of two or more counties, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by ticket, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, or otherwise severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all the persons voted for, and to be labelled 'Judiciary;' one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, and be labelled 'State;' one ticket shall embrace the names of all the County officers voted for, and be labelled 'County;' one ticket shall embrace the name of the person voted for for the office of Senator, member or members of Assembly, if voted for, and be labelled 'Assembly;' one ticket shall embrace the name of the person voted for for the office of Representative in Congress, if voted for, and be labelled 'Congress;' one ticket shall embrace the names of all Township officers voted for, and be labelled 'Township;' one ticket shall embrace the names of all Borough officers voted for, and be labelled 'Borough;' and each of said tickets shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes."

Given under my hand, at my office in Ebensburg, the 11th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-second.

JAMES MYERS, Sheriff.

EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Are offering a NEW STOCK of
DRY GOODS
FOR THE FALL SALES OF
1867.
SHAWLS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS
AND
STAPLE DRY GOODS
N. B. Job Lots of GOODS Bought.
Sept. 5, 1867.-6t.

PAPER-CUT-OFF

CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : SEPT. 26, 1867.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EBENSBURG AND CRESSON RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 19, 1867, trains on this road will run as follows:

LEAVE EBENSBURG—

At 6.05 A. M., connecting with Day Express East and Phila. Express West.

At 7.15 P. M., connecting with Phila. Ex. East and Mail West.

LEAVE CRESSON—

At 9.24 A. M., or on departure of Phila. Express West.

At 8.40 P. M., or on departure of Phila. Express East.

EDITORIALITIES, LOCAL AND GENERAL.—Another poem from the pen of "Linnet" will grace our columns next week.

The winter term of the public schools of this borough commences on Monday next.

Typhoid fever and dysentery is said to be prevailing to a considerable extent in Hollidaysburg.

The corner-stone of a new M. E. Church was laid with appropriate ceremonies, at Duncansville, Blair county, on Thursday.

The Carrolltown pic-nic, held on Tuesday, was in every respect a most enjoyable affair. We expect a full report of it for next issue.

Mr. Thomas Snyder, of Huntingdon, had his collar bone broken, on the 14th instant, while attempting to couple cars at Tyrone.

The puddlers employed in the Juniata Iron Company's rolling mill, at Hollidaysburg, are on a strike for an increase of wages. They received seven dollars per ton and demand eight.

The Pennsylvania State Fair is being held in Pittsburgh this week, and quite a number of our citizens have wended their way thither. The display is said to be unusually large and interesting.

The barn of Mr. John Wheeler, of Rayne township, Indiana county, was struck by lightning, on the 7th inst., and with its entire contents destroyed. Loss about $2,000. Where there is so much *rayne* there must be some lightning.

A little son of Mr. Thomas Boyd, of Bolivar, Indiana county, attempted to get on a wagon loaded with fire-clay, while it was in motion, on the 10th inst., and fell under the wheels, one of which passed over his head and neck, killing him almost instantly.

Mr. Alex. M'Vicker, of Cambria township, has placed us under obligations for a present of eight or ten exceedingly large and luscious apples, of what he calls the French pippin species. Mr. McV. has about twenty bushels of these fine apples, which he designs offering for sale to our citizens.

Notwithstanding the stringent rules adopted by Governor Geary and Attorney General Brewster, at the opening of the new State administration, the Governor is dealing out pardons to every convicted radical that asks for one. All a convicted negro-lover has to say to procure his liberty is, "I ask your pardon, Governor."

The Johnstown *Tribune* says that nominating men like John Hickman, of Chester, is "suggestive of the good old times, when all parties vied with each other in nominating their best men for office." A radical paper in John's own county says he was nominated by "fraud and corruption." Is that the "good old times?"

We regret to announce that our young friend, Wm. E. Hutchinson, publisher of the *Alleghanian*, was prostrated by a very severe hemmorhage of the lungs, on Thursday night last, from the effects of which he is still suffering. Although a serious and insidious disease, we trust that Billy will not fall a victim to its ravages.

John Porter, Esq., of Susquehanna township, whose card as a volunteer candidate for Jury Commissioner has been in our columns for some weeks, has withdrawn from the canvass. We owe Mr. Porter an apology for not mentioning the matter sooner, as he notified us of the fact immediately after the Radical convention.

A serious riot occurred among a number of the coal miners employed at Penn station, Westmoreland county, on Saturday evening week, during the progress of which quite a number of the participants were pretty severely injured. A German named John Miller, who took no part in the melee, was attacked and so brutally beaten that he is not expected to recover.

A. J. Rhey, Esq., better known as Jack Rhey, was brought from Clearfield county to his home in this place, on Thursday night last, in a very precarious state of health resulting from an affection of the lungs. He is now, we are pleased to say, in a fair way of regaining comparative health, and we hope the watchful care of a mother and sisters will soon accomplish his complete recovery.

Our genial friend, Reese J. Lloyd, who has for several months acted as deputy for Postmaster E. J. Mills, at this place, has recently been appointed to that position, the latter gentleman having sent in his resignation to the department. Reese is one of the most jovial and accommodating gentlemen this side of sundown, and we know of no man among us better fitted for such a post of trust and usefulness.

A man named Samuel Reed, employed at the car works of Messrs. Johnson & Baker, at Latrobe, Pa., was caught between the bumpers of two cars, which were shoved together by persons who were not aware that he was engaged in painting one of the bumpers, on Saturday last, and so terribly crushed about the chest that he died almost instantly. The deceased was about twenty-eight years of age, and leaves a wife and one child.

A social re-union of all persons connected in any way with what was once the old Allegheny Portage Railroad, or at least all embraced in that catalogue who see fit to attend, is to take place at the hotel of Mr. James Riffel, on the Summit, on Tuesday next, October 1st. It is expected that not less than two or three hundred persons will participate in this social gathering, and a most interesting and agreeable interchange of sentiment and friendly greeting will doubtless characterize the occasion.

Grand movements are on foot in several cities and large towns to add adjoining districts. Boston, New York and Pittsburgh talk of doing what Philadelphia has done. Johnstown proposes to follow suit by adding the neighboring boroughs and villages to the "mother" borough, and it is suggested that Ebensburg, having already swallowed Mooretown on the North, should now "annex" Beanis on the West. The project is feasible, as there is nothing but a strip of woods between them.

The alleged rape committed in Susquehanna township is said to have been the crime of a *white* man. We thus explain at the instance of the Johnstown *Tribune*, whose editor was "not satisfied" with our former notice of the outrage. This crime has become so common among negroes of late that unless the word *white* is used in detailing occurrences of the kind, "American citizens of African 'scent" are very apt to get the credit (?) of all these *black* offences. We trust the *Tribune* will give our explanation in justice to its political friends.

RECENT VISITORS.—During the past week or two Ebensburg has been favored with quite a number of visitors. A portion of them were here on business, many of them for recreation, and all seemed to enjoy themselves.

Cambria's favorite, Gen. H. D. Foster, of Greensburg, spent a portion of the second week of Court with us, and was engaged in the trial of an important cause. His friends, and their name is legion, were glad to greet him once more in the Mountain village.

Hon. L. W. Hall, the distinguished Senator from the Blair district, paid us a flying visit during Court week. His defeat for renomination has not changed the suavity of his manners nor impaired his fine social qualities. He seems superior to the caprices of caucuses and conferences.

Hon. John Scott, Hon. S. S. Blair and Hon. Samuel Calvin were also in attendance at Court.

During the last week of the session our friend from the city of "Brotherly Love," Mr. Theo. M. Apple, presented his manly form and honest countenance in our midst. He is a good—Apple—sound to the core.

We had the pleasure, also, of an interview with Asa H. Fisk, Esq., of Fallen Timber, and whiled away an agreeable evening in converse with him.

Then came our versatile friend from the Smoky City, Mr. Wm. C. Murphey. To represent the extensive house of which he is a member is certainly no *child's* play, yet he does it to perfection. We hope his raids among us may always be as successful as that of Herr Breitman.

And last, though far as possible from least, our warm personal friend, Mr. Thomas McKiernan, of Altoona, "came among us," and we trust that we did not fail to make his brief visit an agreeable one. Mr. McK. is one of the most steadfast and hard working democrats in "Little Blair," and has a kindly heart and pleasing manners which win for him the good opinion of all classes. He speaks hopefully of the election of that "bully boy," Jim Cramer, for Sheriff, and the success of Messrs. M'Intyre and Shugert, the democratic nominees for Senatorial honors in his district, to all of which we heartily respond so mote it be.

A CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.—The Tyrone *Bulletin*, which, notwithstanding it found an error in the *typography* of the Johnstown (?) *Freeman*, is one of the very best local journals on our exchange list, serves up the following chapter of accidents in its last issue:

On Monday last, Mr. William Eck, whilst standing at the post-office, was struck in the eye by a piece of stone which was knocked off by a man breaking stone on Juniata street. He was promptly attended to by Dr. Burkett, and although seriously injured, it is thought that the sight may be saved.

On the same day, Mr. Thompson, who is employed in the yard of the Branch Roads in this place, had his head caught between two cars whilst engaged in coupling them. Although severely injured he was saved by what almost seems a miracle. His hat was mashed flat between the projecting timbers and held there, and the blood was forced out of his eyes and ears by the pressure, yet, strange to say, he was not badly hurt.

On Tuesday, Miss Sally Cammerer, an employee in the *Herald* office, in this place, had her left hand caught in the printing press, severing three fingers completely from the hand. Miss Camerer has the sympathies of the public in her dreadful misfortune. She remarked at the moment of the accident, whilst looking at her crushed and bleeding hand, that she would not care if it were not for her poor old mother, of whom she was the main support.

A man by the name of John Wolf, of Sinking Valley, was shot through the hand on Wednesday, whilst hunting on the mountain near the Big Fill. He had his hand on the muzzle of his rifle, and in crossing a log the trigger struck a limb. The ball passed through the centre of his hand, crushing his hand badly. Dr. Gemmell, of Altoona, was telegraphed to, who promptly attended.

On the same day Charley Houser, hostler at the Central Hotel, was kicked on the leg by a vicious horse, injuring him badly.

FATAL RAILROAD CATASTROPHE.—An excursion train of ten cars collided with a freight train on the Canandaigua branch of the Northern Central Railway, on the 18th inst., resulting in the death of two persons and the serious injury of several others. The accident was occasioned by the engineer of the excursion train mistaking the signal to stop for go ahead slowly, and rounding a curve in the road, ran into the freight train as stated. The engineer and fireman saved themselves by leaping from the engine. Mr. A. E. Tammany, of Lock Haven, brother of Mrs. F. A. Shoemaker, of this place, was one of the victims of this sad catastrophe. He was a young man of exceeding promise and possessed of the most endearing qualities of both mind and heart, and being the only remaining brother, it may well be conceived that his sudden and terrible death has brought the most poignant grief to the hearts of his stricken relatives and friends. Mr. T. was studying law in Lock Haven, and was on a visit to friends in Elmira, N. Y., at the time of the sad occurrence.

BASE BALL MATCH.—We deem it due to our base ball friends in Loretto and Chest Springs to publish the following score of a game played at the former place, on Saturday last, between the Elm Club of Loretto and the Ionian Club of Chest Springs:

Ionian.	R.	O.	*Elm.*	R.	O.
Ivory, p.	9	1	O'Donnell, rf.	2	3
Fogle, c.	9	1	Walters, 1b.	3	3
Chute, ss.	10	1	L. M'Guire, 2b.	2	3
Charles, 1b.	10	1	Shields, c.	3	1
J. M'Donald, 2b.	4	4	Durbin, ss.	5	0
Perry, 3b.	6	3	Little, p.	4	1
Ridland, lf.	6	3	Bradley, lf.	2	3
P. M'Donald, cf.	8	2	T. M'Guire, 3b.	3	2
Wagner, rf.	7	2	Eckenrode, cf.	2	2

RUNS EACH INNING.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	
Ionian,	13	14	14	5	3		20—69.
Elms.	7	5	6	0	3		5—26.

Umpire—E. R. Dunnegan, of the Mountaineer club of Ebensburg. Scorers—J. W. Cole for Ionians; Wm. Todd for Elms.

THE centre of the United States has been fixed at Columbus, Nebraska, ninety-six miles west of Omaha, and the centre of attraction in this part of the aforesaid United States has been fixed at the great mercantile emporium of J. M. Thompson, on High st., where goods of all kinds are sold at the lowest prices prevailing in the market.

OUR ADVICE.—We do not advise people who cannot afford the outlay, to bedeck themselves with jewelry, but we do advise those who can "stand the pressure" to buy only such articles of intrinsic worth as is comprised in the fine assortment for sale at the cheap store of C. T. Roberts, on Main street.

JOHN D. THOMAS has recently added a fine stock of custom-made Boots and Shoes for gents and youths to his assortment, and directs the attention of the public to the fact in our advertising columns to-day. It comprises the best Eastern made work, and cannot fail to give satisfaction.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

JOHNSTOWN, SEPT. 23, 1867.

Dear Freeman—A bold robbery was last week committed upon the premises of Sheriff Patterson, who keeps a hotel on Portage street, Conemaugh borough. The thieves entered by a back window, and passing to the cellar, took eleven loaves of bread and a variety of other eatables. Next they paid their respects to the bar, taking therefrom four bottles of wine and several bottles of other liquors, and then passing to the dining room, helped themselves to a promiscuous lot of dishes, making their escape without alarming either family or boarders. The next morning a cream pitcher and several empty bottles were found in the rear of a shook shop, just opposite the house.

The previous night a daring attempt was made by three persons to rob the clothing store of Mr. Redelsheimer, on Clinton street. The burglars forced the cellar door by means of a crowbar, and passing up through a trap door in the floor, entered the hall of the dwelling connected with the store. A door led from this hall into the store room, and the burglars tried to force the fastenings by means of a "jimmy." The noise awakened Mr. R., and divining what was wrong, he quietly passed out at the front and closing the cellar doors, started for the police. The burglars in the meantime became alarmed, and whilst R. was after the police they gently unfastened the hall door and departed, leaving the iron bar in their hurried flight. No clue has been obtained to the perpetrators of either of the above, and from the frequent robberies which have recently occurred, it would naturally suggest itself to my mind that the police ought to try and ferret out the guilty parties. I think there can be little doubt that an organized band is at work, and unless soon detected we may expect to hear of more robberies.

The cellar of Mr. Fend was also robbed last week of several of articles of small value.

A young man named John Mauck, for some time past in the employ of T. G. Stewart & Co., as driver, was accidentally shot on Wednesday last. Mauck had received a short leave of absence for the purpose of visiting his parents, who reside in Bedford county, and persuading a fellow boarder to accompany him, they left here on Monday. On Wednesday they started to the woods on a gunning expedition, and whilst passing through some underbrush the gun of Mauck's companion was accidentally discharged by the hammer catching on a twig, and the contents passed through the arm and entered the side of young Mauck. The wound, though serious, will not prove fatal.

It is not generally known that the iron ore in our hills, which has been a great dependence to the rolling mill, has almost given out, and although from fifty to one hundred men have been searching all the mountains in the neighborhood during the past three years, no trace of any new veins that would justify working can be discovered. The failure to find any new leads of this important mineral in the vicinity will prove a serious loss to the town, as there has been over five hundred men engaged in this branch of mining, whose occupation here will ere long be gone. A shaft for coal is being sunk near the Mill, a large vein of which is said to exist about sixty feet beneath the surface.

The sale of peaches this year in Johnstown has been immense, one firm alone having disposed of over 2,500 boxes. At least $12,000 worth have been sold in Johnstown during the season.

The ladies connected with the Catholic church design holding a Fair during the holidays, and extensive preparations are already being made. A knowledge of the "fair" ones having the matter in charge convinces me that no pains will be spared to make this one as successful as was the last.

A pic-nic was held at Conemaugh Station, on Saturday evening. Everything passed off to the general satisfaction of all present, and "Sku Bal" is only sorry that he did not hear of it in time to attend.

The first political gun of the season was fired here on Saturday by a lawyer from Allegheny, who spoke in the interests of the Republican party, on the Public Square. A German orator was advertised upon the bills, but didn't make his appearance.

My young friend, Henry Fridhoff, purchased the property of Mr. Metz, on Coal street, Conemaugh borough, the other day, for $700.

Geo. A. M'Gough, the prince of landlords, from St. Augustine, was in town to-day. George has the reputation of knowing how to keep a hotel, and your correspondent can bear witness to the fact that a more genial, whole-souled companion does not, to his knowledge, exist. I was pleased to learn that he is personally attending to S. B.'s interests in that ancient village.

The Juniatas failed to come to time on Friday last.

Sku Bal tips his hat to W. R., of Portage, and several of your exchanges, who have been kind enough to notice him favorably.

SKU. BAL.

THE BEST.—We have no hesitation in recommending the flour sold by H. A. Shoemaker & Co., as the best in the market, and we know whereof we speak. In fact, we might say we have no hesitation in recommending said firm to the patronage of all persons wishing to buy either clothing, dry-goods, groceries, furniture, or almost anything else, as they keep a complete stock and sell at the most moderate prices.

THERE is a time for everything—a time to be merry and a time to be sad, a time to be weary and a time to be glad—but the time to select your fall and winter clothing is at hand, and the stock from which to make a choice can be found in great abundance at the cheap store of Mills & Davis, adjoining the Post Office.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A lad named Willie Hunter got on the steps of one of the cars of the Mail train, at Bell's Mills, on Friday last, and while attempting to jump off after the train got under headway, fell and injured himself so severely about the head that death ensued the same night.

IT IS NOT a difficult matter to please any taste or supply any want at the mercantile mart of V. S. Barker, on Main street, for his stock comprises all that it is needed for household consumption or personal comfort, and his prices are fully as moderate as those of any other dealer.

PAMPHLET LAWS.—The Pamphlet Laws for the session of 1867 have been received, and are now ready for delivery to those persons entitled to receive them.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM.

Prothy's Office, Ebensburg, Sept. 24, 1867.

WITH WHAT JOY AND GLADNESS do the people hail the advent and discovery of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure It is a sovereign cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels. All druggists keep it.

DEMOCRATIC TICKETS will be ready for delivery from this office to-morrow.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20, 1867.

Dear Freeman—Yesterday was named as the day for the reception of the Right Rev. Bishop Wood, on his return from Rome, but to the great disappointment of the immense concourse who assembled to welcome him, the good Bishop failed to arrive. The men, women and children congregated together on this occasion must have numbered over 20,000. The people, however, proceeded to the grounds of St. John's Orphan Asylum, the members of St Philip's Literary Institute and St. Theresa's Beneficial Society, preceded by the band of the former, leading the way, and notwithstanding the great heat of the day, the attendance on the grounds at West Philadelphia was both numerous and respectable. Uninterrupted order, harmony and good will prevailed to an extent seldom witnessed by an assemblage so large and so mixed. In the enjoyment of rational amusement and social intercourse, aided by music and singing and unfettered by any of the artificial distinctions which divide and subdivide society, all appeared happy—many lingering in the splendid and capacious grounds, so well adapted to the purpose, till a late hour, reluctant to retire. In the course of the evening, the hours of which glided away almost unnoticed, there were several good musical and vocal performances, and the dancing was participated in with great zest by nearly all present. Good humor and good feeling prevailed, and all returned home well pleased with the manner in which the day had been spent. T. N. S.

USE THE BEST.—*Blades' Euphonial Lubricators* are a medical preparation in the form of a Lozenge, and are universally considered the most pleasant, convenient and effectual remedy in use for Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Croups, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diptheria, and all Pulmonary Complaints. They are WARRANTED to give quicker and more lasting benefit in the above affections than any other remedy. Also to contain no deletarious ingredient, and not to offend the weakest and most sensitive Stomach.

Blades' Constitution Pills are so called because of their peculiar effect upon the Liver, Stomach, Blood and Nervous System. For inactivity of the Liver, for the Stomach in derangement, or Dyspepsia, they will delight the patient with their mild and beneficial effect, especially if after long continued indigestion and costiveness, they are left with periodical returns of the Sick Headache. In case of a severe cold, producing Chills and Fever, you can break it very soon by using the Pills as per directions with each box.

JOHN H. BLADES & CO.,
aug8-1y Proprietors, Elmira, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists; 25 cts. per box.

GOING VERY FAST.—This is an age of wonderful inventions. The minds of ingenious men have brought forth machinery facilitating and making labor easy. And among the rest the Blacksmith has not been forgotten, for I. C. Singer has invented a machine which makes the process of bending light or heavy tires, bands, &c., an easy and very pleasant task. This machine is gauged and numbered so as to tell exactly where to place the rollers in order to bend any desired diameter. Hundreds of references can be given. To get the machine, address R. H. Singer, Ebensburg, Pa.

N. B.—A few State rights remain to be disposed of. None need apply for Pennsylvania, as the inventor intends holding it for the purpose of selling machines.

P. S.—The place to get your horse well shod, your wagon tire made and general blacksmithing done, is at R. H. Singer's shop, near Isaac Evans' tannery.

NO CURE-ALL.—But if you want a medicine that will cure Chronic (not inflammatory) Rheumatism, Mumps, Sore Throat, Swellings, Old Sores, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Insect Stings, Pains in the Back and Chest, also, internally, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Croup and Vomiting, you have it in Dr. Tobias' Wonderful Venetian Liniment. It never fails when used according to directions. Every drop of it is put up by Dr. Tobias himself, and he has done so for nineteen years. His medicine is known throughout the world. The best physicians recommend it. Thousands of certificates can be seen at the depot, 56 Cortlandt st. No family having children should be without it in case of croup. Thousands of children are saved by it annually. Use it when first taken, according to directions, and you will never lose a child. Ladies will find it valuable in eradicating pimples and blotches. Only 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the United States and Europe. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, New York. aug.29.-1m.

SPLENDID PRIZES IN GREENBACKS.—Over $5,000 in Greenbacks; $10,000 in Sewing Machines; $9.00 in Washing Machines; a vast amount of Hoop Skirts, Albums, Books, Gold Pens, Pencils, Lockets, &c., &c., to be distributed to the subscribers and purchasers of the *Home Amusement*. Every yearly subscriber gets twenty-four tickets, drawing from $5 to $100 each in Greenbacks. Canvassing Agents clear from $10 to $15 per day raising Clubs. Sample copies with a prize ticket and full directions and instructions to Agents, sent by mail, by enclosing ten cents, addressed to the *Home Amusement*, 78 Nassau Street, New York. Male and Female Canvassing Agents wanted in every town and neighborhood in the Union.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes that every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 S. Second St., Williamsburg, N. Y.

A STIMULATING TONIC—LIFE BITTERS—Good health is a blessing The way to enjoy such is to take a wine glass full of Strickland's Life Bitters two or three times a day. They create a good appetite; they strengthen the stomach; they cure habitual Constipation, Nervousness, and Headache; they make the old feel young. If you wish long life and good health, use Strickland's Life Bitters. For sale in bottles by Druggists, and by the drink at all saloons and groceries.

INFORMATION.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face; also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, &c., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway, New York.

DR. J. H. JORDAN, Indianapolis, Indiana, says: "I have known Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy to be thoroughly tested in numerous cases during the past year, and with perfect success in every instance. And so it is with his Remedy for Diarrhœa or Cholera, and his Cough Balsam. They are all genuine and pure."

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—*A Substitute for Calomel.*—These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

Schenck's Mandrake Pill cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Gen'l Wholesale Agents—Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance & Co., Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parke, Cincinnati, O.; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR *RENEWER*.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GREY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brush, wiry hair to silken softness.

Beautiful Hair Dressing.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H. Prop's.
For sale by all druggists. sep26,1m.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar street N. Y

MARRIED.

FOSTER—GEIS.—At St. Vincent's Abbey, Westmoreland county, Pa., at 10 A. M., on Tuesday, 17th inst., by Rev. Valentine Lobmayer, O. S. B., Mr. Andrew Foster and Miss Barbara, daughter of Mr. John Geis, all of Johnstown.

Accompanying the above notice the writer of this received a most delicious cake, and frosted thereon were the characters, "Sku Bal." For this remembrance of your correspondent, in the midst of their great happiness, I cannot be sufficiently grateful. It would be a work of supererogation to wish them well, for a wedded life so auspiciously began as theirs, cannot fail to call down heaven's choicest blessings on the estate upon which they have entered. The fair Barbara, possessing all the virtues which so much adorn the female character, and Andy, noted for his integrity and moral worth—it was fitting that these two should be united 'mid the pious inspirations and religious surroundings of St. Vincent's Abbey. There stood the mitred abbot and cowled monk, whose lives had been passed in the shadow of God's altar. There, too, were the aged grand-parents, father and mother, relatives and friends, gathered together within that quiet cloister church, to witness the unostentatious contract which bound two willing hearts, and which death alone could sever. Then followed the nuptial mass, with the swelling tones of the grand organ, under the skilful direction of Father Ignatius, while the excellent abbey choir assisted with the responses, and during the solemn consecration, and again at the benediction, the newly married couple knelt at the steps of the altar and consecrated anew their lives to the services of their Creator, and then the priestly blessing was extended over their bowed forms, and the peculiarly grand ceremonies were concluded. Well might they rise with radiant countenances, after thus solemnizing the sacred contract with religious fervor and piety.

After the ceremonies were concluded the party adjourned to the spacious dining room of the Abbey, where a sumptuous repast had been prepared, after which the day was spent in innocent hilarity, and in the evening the newly married couple took the train for a brief tour through the West.

Under his *Fostering* care may Barbara's life be one of peace and happiness, and may Andy, having been a brave soldier in the war, ever prove to her that

"The bravest are the tenderest,
The loving are the daring."

WALKER—WAGNER.—On the 12th of August, by Rev. J. W. Evans, Mr. Joseph W. Walker, of Schuylkill county, Pa., and Miss Matilda Wagner, of Blacklick township, this county.

WILLIAMS—REESE.—On the 18th of August, by the same, Mr David Williams, of Cambria township, and Miss Eveline Reese, of Blacklick township.

DIED.

WALTERS.—At the residence of his father, Geo. Walters, Esq., in White township, on Monday night, Sept. 15th, Mr. Benjamin Walters, aged about 23 years.

The deceased was a young man possessed of all those amiable traits of character which could render him a favorite among his acquaintances, and died without an enemy. A protracted illness had prepared him for the great change, and he died in the full hope of a blissful immortality.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in rooms over R. R. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. *Teeth extracted without pain by use of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.*

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH.—For beauty of polish, saving of labor and cheapness, this preparation is truly unrivalled. *Buy no other.* For sale by June 13, 1867. GEO HUNTLEY.

ROBERT E. JONES,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.,
Dealer in Lumber. The highest prices, *in Cash*, paid for CHERRY, POPLAR, ASH and LIND LUMBER.

GOOD TRUNKS AND VALISES, for sale low at G. HUNTLEY'S.

JUST

THE PLACE

YOU WERE

LOOKING FOR?

THIS WAY!!

For Bargains!

MORE

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT

THOMPSON'S

CHEAP STORE!

On High Street.

THE LARGEST STOCK!

THE BEST VARIETY!

THE GREATEST BARGAINS

AND MORE OF THEM!

THAN HAVE BEEN OFFERED HERE

FOR A LONG TIME!

Fine DRESS GOODS

Standard Dry Goods,

SUPERB LINE OF NOTIONS,

FRESH GROCERIES,

AND ALL OTHER GOODS

IN GREAT PROFUSION!

COME and SEE

AND TELL ALL

YOUR FRIENDS!

ANOTHER NEW WRINKLE

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR ALL AGES AND BOTH SEXES

In addition to his large stock of the best Eastern made

SHOES, BUSKINS, GAITERS, &c.

For Ladies' and Children's Wear,

the subscriber has just added to his assortment a full and complete invoice of

Boots and Shoes for Men and Youths

which he will not only warrant to be superior to any goods of like character now being offered in this market, but vastly better in every respect than the slop-shop work with which the country is flooded. Remember that I offer no article for sale which I do not guarantee to be regular custom made, of the best material and superior finish, and while I do not pretend to compete in price with the dealers in auction goods, I know that I can furnish BOOTS, SHOES, &c., that will give *more service for less money* than any other dealer in this community, and I pledge myself to repair, free of charge, any article that may give way after a reasonable time and reasonable usage. Everybody is respectfully invited to call and examine my stock and learn my prices.

The subscriber is also prepared to manufacture to order any and all work in his line of the very best material and workmanship and at prices as reasonable as like work can be obtained anywhere. French Calf, Common Calf, Morocco and all other kinds of Leather constantly on hand.

☞ Store on Main street, next door to Crawford's Hotel.

JOHN D. THOMAS.

Ebensburg, Sept. 26, 1867.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Proudfoot School House, in Chest township, on *Tuesday the 8th day of October next*, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, of which Michael Yahner, late of Chest township, died seized:

A piece or parcel of LAND situated in Chest township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Jacob Steiger, Martin Yahner, Sr., Martin Yahner, Jr., Jacob Deithrich, and others, containing 77 ACRES, 108 PERCHES, and the usual allowance for roads, etc., about twenty-five acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a LOG HOUSE and LOG BARN. There is good pine timber on the land.

Terms of Sale.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bonds of the purchaser. PAUL YAHNER,

sept 19 3t. Adm'r Mich'l Yahner, dec'd

TOWN PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, OCT. 5th, 1867, at 1 o'clock P. M., a valuable property situated in the borough of Summitville, Cambria county, consisting of a *LOT OF GROUND* and a desirable two-and-a-half story *FRAME DWELLING HOUSE*, containing eight rooms and two kitchens, suitable for two families, with a separate cellar under each department, and a good stable and other outbuildings and the best of water on the premises. Also, will be sold in connection with the above property, a *TRACT OF LAND*, nearly adjoining, containing between three and four acres, well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. An indisputable title and immediate possession will be given. Terms on day of sale. Also, at same time and place, two *Sheep, Hogs*, and a general variety of *Household Furniture*, will be offered for sale.

CATHARINE OTTERSON.

Summitville, Sept. 19, 1867.-2t.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Terence McEnrue, late of Washington township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS M'ENRUE, Executor.
Washington Tp., Sept. 12, 1867.-6t.*

CAUTION—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing from a certain Cyrus Jeffries a tract of land situate in White township, Cambria county, I paid for said land, and said Jeffries has the title only as my trustee.

THEO. M. APPLE.

Sept. 19, 1867.-3t.

☞ The Ebensburg *Alleghanian*, Altoona *Tribune* and Tyrone *Bulletin* will please insert three times and send bill to this office.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Wm. Burk, late of Washington township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to the same will make payment without delay. EDWARD A. BURK, Adm'r.

Washington twp., Sept. 19, 1867 6t.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the mercantile and lumber business has been dissolved by mutual consent. The store accounts will be settled by Jacob Leib, and accounts for lumber sold, etc., will be settled by either of the undersigned. JACOB LEIB,

HENRY HOPPLE.

Carroll Tp., Aug. 22, 1867. 3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Having been appointed by the Register of Cambria county Administrator *de bonis non testamento annexo* of George Snyder, late of Carroll township, dec'd, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons indebted to said decedent to make settlement without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly probated for settlement. JOHN SNYDER.

Sept. 5, 1867.-6t.

STRAY SHEEP.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Clearfield township, Cambria county, on the 1st inst., SIX SHEEP. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

Sept. 12.-3t. GEO. RUTLEDGE.

SAW MILL FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his STEAM SAW MILL, known as "Cambria Mill," situated a half miles north of Gallitzin, Cambria county. The Mill is in perfect working order, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply on the premises to JEROME DAWS.

August 15, 1867.-3m.

IF YOU WANT the best Cook or Parlor Stove made in the world, call at HUNTLEY'S and get *Spears' Anti-*

PAPER-CUT-

VALUABLE RECIPES.

A RECIPE WORTH ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.—The Ohio *Cultivator* says: Take one pound of sal soda and a half a pound of unslacked lime, put then in a gallon of water and boil twenty minutes; let it stand till cool, then drain off and put in a strong jug or jar, soak your dirty clothes over night, or until they are wet through, then wring them out and rub on plenty of soap, and in one boiler of clothes well covered with water add one teacupful of washing fluid; boil half an hour briskly, then wash them thoroughly through one suds, rinse, and your clothes will look better than the old way of washing twice before boiling. This is an invaluable recipe, and I want every poor, tired woman to try it. I think with a patent washtub to do the little rubbing the washerwoman might take the old Bible and compose herself on a lounge and let the washing do itself.

MILK AND ONION JUICE FOR DROPSY.—Dr. Pautier, a French physician, relates the case of a man who was afflicted with general dropsy and a double dropsy of the chest, accompanied with great difficulty of breathing and other distressing symptoms. Various remedies had been taken without any apparent benefit. Dr. Pautier then prescribed the following treatment: Three cups of milk porridge to be taken daily, each to be followed by eating dry bread and raw onion, without any drink. This diet was persevered in for thirty days, but before half this time had elapsed the patient was able to leave his bed. In the following month nothing remained but slight puffings of the feet and ancles. A generous diet was then prescribed, and in another month a complete cure was effected.

CRANBERRY wine taken internally and applied externally is announced as a cure for scrofula. To make the wine, take the ripe berries, mash them in a mortar to a fine pulp, put it into a stone jar, add one quart of water to two quarts of berries; stir it well: set away and let it stand a week; then strain it through cotton, and you have a beautiful wine, which, with a little sugar, makes a wholesome drink at once cooling and palatable. It does not ferment.

GREEN CORN.—A writer in the *Germantown Telegraph* says that green corn may be kept the year round by pickling it with the husk on, in brine strong enough to preserve cucumbers, care being taken to keep it covered with brine. Boiling it in a good supply of water will freshen it sufficiently for the table. It is worth trying.

A SAD FAILURE.—"Burleigh," of the Boston *Journal*, says: The representative of a large New England house closed his counting-room and allowed his paper to go to protest last week. The sudden death of the senior member of the house, who dropped down dead while he was talking, brought things to a stand still. The house was found to be bankrupt, and a large amount of trust money was swept away. Drinking, gambling and dissipation in New York scattered the funds. Some of the shrewdest New England men have gone down with the concern. One well-known New England lawyer, reputed to be worth $300,000, is involved in this calamity to the full extent of his property and word. Widows and orphans have lost their all. It seems strange that reckless young men, whose habits are well known here, whom no prudent man in New York would trust with $1,000, should be put in charge of millions. It is equally strange that shrewd legal gentlemen, who can take such excellent care of other people's property, should so loosely take care of their own, and will, as is often the case with reckless young men to have unlimited use of their name, and to run away with all that they have. Yet such events are of daily occurrence.

KEEP THE BALL ROLLING—PAY THE DEBT IN GREENBACKS.—Our private information from all parts of the Western country assures us that the plan to pay the public debt with greenbacks is storming the convictions of the people everywhere and carrying them captive. And it is sweeping over the country like a fire on the prairie, though with a far different effect. Where nothing but gloom appears in the future, light now begins to shine. Where no hope of escape from financial difficulties oppressed the mind and the labor of the hands, now a way appears that is easy and just. Where despondency and fear possession of men, a cheerfulness begins to shed its blessings over households and communities. Get rid of a mountain of debt and a taxation grievous to be borne, by paying the bonds in the money of the Government—the money of the people—is becoming the cry of men of all parties. Keep the ball a rolling is the cry from all quarters.—*Cin. Enquirer.*

—The Radicals are now busily engaged in attempting to explain the cause of their immense losses in California and Maine. And nominations, they say, worked their ruin in the Golden State, while sumptuary laws and prohibitory liquor bills brought them to grief along the Aristook. No doubt these causes were all of them powerful in producing their discomfiture, but there is no use blinking the matter. The agent of the Associated Press in San Francisco told the true story in one of his consolatory telegrams. It was simply because the Radicals hadn't votes enough. That is what was the matter in California, Maine and Montana, and that is exactly what is going to be the matter in Pennsylvania.

—Tradition has it that upon the back of every ten dollar "greenback" is printed the words: "This note is a legal tender for all debts, public and private, exports and duties on imports and interest on the public debt." By this it will be seen that the principal of the public debt can be paid by legal tenders, and that the holders of bonds are obliged by law to take them. It seems a little funny that in the face of all this our Radical friends should denounce the payment of the public debt in greenbacks as repudiation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SIGNIFICANT.

The new system of Advertising adopted by Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Advertising Agents, No. 40 Park Row, New York, is attracting a good deal of attention.

The following extract from a speech delivered before the N. Y. State Editorial Convention, (lately holden at Penn Yan,) by a prominent Advertising Agent of N. Y. city, goes to show that he at least acknowledges its advantages.

From Jamestown, N. Y., Journal of Aug. 2d. Edited by C. E. BISHOP, *Chairman of Committee on* ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

"Mr. Pettengill spoke in opposition to that plan from the *publisher's* stand point alone. He showed the publishers that by this system of contracting they were giving lower rates than they gave their own home customers or others equally as prompt and good customers; that they were selling one portion of their paper to be used to compete with and underbid the other columns; that the owner of the space thus sold could come right in and beat the publisher's prices and take his business away from him; that if the publishers, fully understanding this, still wished to continue so irregular and unbusiness-like a system, he (Pettengill & Co.) should of course cease trying to get advertising for the papers at their regular rates and go into the other system of contracting—which he could stand if the printers could."

The anxiety on account of the newspapers is uncalled for. There is not one in twenty which would not prefer to receive all their foreign patronage on this plan, when it is fully understood. It is too generally recognized as thoroughly beneficial to all parties concerned to be injured in the least by anything which may be said against it by interested parties.

Advertises should send for a circular giving full explanations.

POLLOCK INSTITUTE, a first class Boarding School for Boys, at Pittsfield, Mass. Fall Term of 20 weeks begins Oct. 4, 1867. For particlars address REV. W. C. RICHARDS, Principal.

Have you seen the "PENN LETTER BOOK," for copying letters without the use of either press or water? It saves time, labor, and the *expense* of a copying press.—For sale by all first class stationers, and at the office of "Penn Manufacturing Works," 702 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A few more good Agents wanted for Gen. L. C. Baker's "HISTORY OF THE SECRET SERVICE." Increased commission allowed and greater inducements offered. Address, P. GARRETT & CO., Box 217, Philadelphia

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6000 AGENTS wanted, to sell Six New Inventions of great value to families: all pay great profits. Send 25 cts. and get 80 pages and sample gratis. Agents have made $100,000. Ephraim Brown, Lowell, Mass.

A Treatise on Deafness, Catarrh, Consumption and Cancer. Their causes and means of relief and speedy cure, sent free. Send particulars to Dr. STILWELL, No. 40 South 6th Street, Williamsburg, L. I.

Madam Foys'

Corset Skirt Supporter!

Combines in one garment a PERFECT FITTING CORSET, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips; it improves the form without tight lacing—gives ease and elegance—is approved and recommended by physicians. Manufactured by D. B. SAUNDERS & CO., 96 Summer St., Boston.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—THE GRAFTON MINERAL PAINT COMPANY are now manufacturing the *best, cheapest* and *most durable Paint* in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, olive, drab or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Agricultural Implements, Carriages and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof,) Bridges, Burial Cases, Canal Boats, Ships and Ships' Bottoms, Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular, which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL, Proprietor, 254 Pearl-st., N. Y.

YOU'RE WANTED! Look Here! Agents, both male and female, wanted everywhere to sell the *Patent Improved Ink Reservoir*, (by which from one to two pages can be written without replenishing with ink,) and our Fancy and Dry Goods, &c.—Can clear from $3 to $10 a day. No capital required. Price, 10 cents, with an advertisement describing an article for sale in our **Dollar Purchasing Agency.** Circulars sent free.

EASTMAN & KENDALL, 65 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.

DEAFNESS CURED. The Organic Vibrator fits into the ear, is not perceptible, and enables deaf persons to hear distinctly at church and at public assemblies. Send particulars to Dr. STILWELL, No. 45 South 6th St., Williamsburg, N. Y.

WE ARE COMING, And will present to any person sending us a club in our Great One Price Sale of Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., a Silk Dress Pattern, Piece of Sheeting, Watch, &c., free of cost. Catalogue of goods, and sample, sent to any address free. Address J. S. HAWES & CO., 30 Hanover St., Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 5125.

THIRTEEN YEARS AGO Dr. LOUIS, of Providence, R. I., discovered Remedies with which he has cured hundreds of cases of Paralysis, Fits, and all forms of Nervous Diseases. Send two stamps for Pamphlet and Certificate.

A WATCH SENT FREE.—A Silver P. Watch Given Gratis to the Purchaser of Every 100 of Kennedy's Mammoth Prize Stationery Packages, the largest in the world, as an inducement to have them introduced. Agents sell the packages as fast as they can reach them out. 30 Dollars per day sure. We have agents that sell on an average 1000 per week. Price per hundred, 15 Dollars. Retail at 25 cents. And a Watch in the bargain that will retail for $15 more. For full particulars of Prize Package and other saleable goods, address R. MONROE KENNEDY, Cor. 5th and Wood Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MAKE YOUR OWN SELECTIONS!

TO ADVERTISERS.

We take this opportunity to solicit a larger share of your patronage, assuring you we are in every way competent to transact *all your advertising business.* We are in regular communication with every newspaper published, and our facilities as general Advertising Agents are not surpassed in America, while the amount of business influenced enables us to promise our patrons the most favorable terms. *We are not confined to any special lists.* If you want to advertise in one paper only, or five thousand, we would like to give you rates. Orders receive that careful and circumspect attention for which we have ever been commended. Call and examine our facilities.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 40 Park Row, New York.

SCHOOLS.

Principals of Academies, Seminaries, &c., should consult us in regard to advertising. No charge for information. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, N. Y.

INVENTORS.

If you wish to advertise you should consult GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 40 Park Row, N. Y.

TINWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

I am now prepared to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

TO CASH PURCHASERS OF

TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!

EITHER AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of **Tin, Sheet-Iron,** COPPER AND BRASS WARES, ENAMELLED AND PLAIN **SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c.,** COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES, *EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,* NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors, all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER!

It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron. at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY. Johnstown, March 7, 1867.-6m.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! *TO CASH BUYERS!* AT THE EBENSBURG

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves,* of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES, such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞ *House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash.* A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY

Ebensburg, Feb, 28, 1867.-tf.

O. K. CURTAIN FIXTURE! *Has no superior in the World!!*

It is pronounced faultless by all who have used it, and it is predicted that it will supersede all other Curtain Fixtures now in use. For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.

ANY PERSON intending to build a House or Barn, can buy Nails and Hardware cheap by paying cash at Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S,

---

ALTOONA ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARTFORD

LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.

CASH CAPITAL $500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft,* in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.

OWNERS OF HORSES, Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependant upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which are in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.

FARM STOCK.

Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this, the

PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA!

By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.

☞ *Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to KERR & CO., General Agents, April 4, 1867.-1y. Altoona, Pa.

☞ Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.

We are now selling Exchange (at New York Rates on

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Wales,	Germany,	Prussia,
Austria,	Bavaria,	Wurtemberg,
Baden,	Hessen,	Saxony,
Hanover,	Belgium,	Switzerland,
Holland,	Norway and	France.

And Tickets to and from any Port in

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Germany,	France,	California,
New South Wales or		Australia.

KERR & CO.

JOHN ROCKETT, - - - - F. J. STORM.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

JOHN ROCKETT & CO.

Desire to inform the public generally that they are now prepared to execute *House, Sign and Ornamental Painting, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Graining and Calcemining,* either in Cambria, Blair or Huntingdon Counties, on the shortest notice, in the very best style, and at prices as reasonable as any other firm or individual in the country.

Call at their room in Lowther's building, under Roush's Drug Store, or address JOHN ROCKETT & Co., Altoona, Pa. April 25, 1867.-6m.

JOHN HICKEY, ALTOONA PA., Dealer in all kinds

Household Furniture!

SUCH AS

LOUNGES,	TABLES,	BEDSTEADS
SOFAS,	BUREAUS,	WHAT-NOTS

CUSHIONED, CANE-BOTTOMED AND COMMON CHAIRS, &c.

NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM, JULIA STREET, NEAR HARRIET, *Opposite the Protestant Episcopal Church,* March 7, 1867.-1y. EAST ALTOONA.

BANK NOTICES.

WM. M. LLOYD, *President.* JOHN LLOYD, *Cashier.*

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA. GOVERNMENT AGENCY AND DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Corner Virginia and Annie Streets, North Ward, Altoona, Pa.

Authorized Capital, - - - - - $300,000
Cash Capital paid in, - - - - - 150,000

All business pertaining to Banking done on favorable terms

Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations, always on hand.

To purchasors of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows: $50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent.; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent. Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF JOHNSTOWN, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

Capital, $60,000.--Privilege to Increase to $100,000.

Inland and Foreign Drafts furnished. Gold and Silver bought and sold. Collections made, at home and abroad. U. S. Bonds and Securities of all kind obtained. Deposits received and money loaned. A general Banking business transacted.

DIRECTORS.

D. J. Morrell, Isaac Kauffman, Jacob M. Campbell, George Fritz, John Dibert, E. Y. Townsend, Jacob Levergood.

D. J. MORRELL, *Pres't.* H. J. ROBERTS, *Cashier.* jan31'67.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers, EBENSBURG, PA. Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted. January 31, 1867.

W. M. LLOYD & CO., BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA. Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. an31.

PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale two valuable tracts of TIMBER LAND, situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, and known as the "Lloyd Property." ALSO—Four other valuable tracts of LAND, situate in Cambria and Jackson townships, and known as the "Pensacola Property." ALSO—TWO FARMS adjoining the borough of Ebensburg —one containing about 100 acres; the other about 150 acres. The buildings are all in good repair, with never-failing springs of water near the houses.

☞ Persons wishing to purchase or sell Farms or Timber Lands, will do well by calling on me before buying or offering them for sale. F. A. SHOEMAKER, ap.11.tf. Att'y at Law, Ebensburg.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, Manufacturers of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, 501 *BROADWAY, NEW YORK.*

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR. From negatives made in the various campaigns, and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS, Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of Stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties, from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, statesmen, Actors, &c., &c.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. [apr25-1y.]

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

WM. P. PATTON, JOHNSTOWN PA.

ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS, such as common Winsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,

Cane Seat Chairs, ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE

SPRING SEAT CHAIRS Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.

CABINET FURNITURE of every description and of latest *STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE*

Tastes of all.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

EBENSBURG DRUG AND BOOK STORE!

LEMMON & MURRAY, DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, Fancy Soaps, Leon's and Hall's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, (all kinds,) Davis' Pain Killer, Radways Ready Relief, Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Citrate Magnesia, Flavoring Extracts and Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, PURE SPICES, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS, Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds, Cap, Post and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ Medicine for the body and food for the mind. Call and see.

MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG. July 25, 1867.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!

JOHN J. MURPHY & CO., *At their Stores in the Scott House, Main St., and on Clinton Street, Johnstown,*

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves. Feb. 28, 1867.-tf. $5*

HARVEY CHILDS. . . . LOWRIE CHILDS. W. C. MURPHEY.

H. CHILDS & CO., Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER, 133 WOOD STREET, *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Batting and Carpet Chain. Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.

GAY & WELSH, Successors to Gay & Painter, WHOLESALE

Grocers and Commission Merchants AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,

Corner Penn and Canal Sts., opposite Grain Elevator. [feb28] *Pittsburgh, Pa.*

M. CRESSWELL, E. T. SLACK, JOHN A. BYERS, WM. D. GEMMILL.

M. McDONALD, WITH

M. CRESSWELL & CO., *Importers and Jobbers of*

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, No. 511 Market Street, June 20, 1867.-1y. *PHILADELPHIA.*

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY!

F. SHARRETTS DYSERT, House, Sign and Ornamental Painter, Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, and all other work in his line, promptly executed, and satisfaction guaranteed. Shop in the basement of the Town Hall. Ebensburg, May 9, 1867.-6m.*

JAMES H. DAVIS, Dealer in all kinds of POPLAR, CHERRY & ASH LUMBER, *Yard Nos. 314 and 316 N. Broad St.,* PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Business attended to in Ebensburg by Wm. J. Williams. [my16-1y]

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at the hotel of Lawrence Schroth. [May 9, 1867.-tf.]

S. BELFORD, DENTIST, CONTINUES to visit Ebensburg personally on the 4th Monday of each month.—During his absence Lewis N. Snyder, who studied with the Doctor, will remain in the office and attend to all business entrusted to him. Jan31,'67.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in rooms over R. R. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. ap.18.5m.*

R. DEVEREAUX, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, *Summit, Pa.*—Office east end of Mansion House, on Rail Road street. Night calls may be made at the office. [my23.tf.]

R. L. JOHNSTON, J. E. SCANLAN. JOHNSTON & SCANLAN, Attorneys at Law, Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa. Office opposite the Court House. Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

D. M'LAUGHLIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession. Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street. Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867. tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co. January 31, 1867.-tf.

W. H. SECHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.* Office in the Commissioners' Room, Court House. Jan. 31, '67-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row. Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Moore' Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf

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JOHN FENLON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE M. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Main street, three doors East of Julian. Jan. 31, 1867.

GEORGE W. OATMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street. January 31, 1867.-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street. Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan. 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. j31

HOTELS.

GRANT HOUSE, Hemlock, Cambria Co., Pa. *JOHN WILKIN, Proprietor.*

This House has been refitted, and offers accommodations superior to any other House in the vicinity. The Proprietor, after long experience in the business, feels confident he understands the wants of the public. His TABLE will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and his BAR with the choicest wines and liquors. By constant attention and due care for the comfort of his guests the Proprietor hopes to merit a liberal share of patronage. [may16-1y.]

SCOTT HOUSE, *Main Street, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa.,* A. ROW & CO., Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprietors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.

Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines. Jan. 31, 1867. (1y.)

UNION HOUSE, EBENSBURG, Pa., JOHN A. BLAIR, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG. R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.

The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

SHIELDS HOUSE, *LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,* THOMAS CALLEN, Proprietor.

THIS house is now open for the accommodation of the public. Accommodations as good as the country will afford, and charges moderate. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL. J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors. *Fourth St., between Market and Arch,* May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.

$100 REWARD! *For a medicine that will cure* COUGHS, INFLUENZA, TICKLING IN THROAT, WHOOPING COUGH, *or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGHS,* AS QUICK AS

COE'S COUGH BALSAM

OVER ONE MILLION BOTTLES have been sold, and not a single instance of its failure is known. We have in our possession any quantity of Certificates, some of them from EMINENT PHYSICIANS who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over all other compounds.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, BUT LOOSENS IT, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely. Two or three doses will INVARIABLY CURE TICKLING IN THE THROAT. A half bottle has often completely cured the most *Stubborn Cough,* and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

In cases of Croup we will guarantee a cure, if taken in season.

No Family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, it being the cheapest and best medicine extant.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Prop'rs, mar.28.cow1y. New Haven, Conn.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!!

This great remedy for all DISEASES OF THE STOMACH is the discovery of the inventor of Coe's valuable Cough Balsam, while experimenting for his own health. It cured Cramp in the Stomach for him which had before yielded to nothing but chloroform.

The almost daily testimony from various parts of the country encourage us to believe there is no disease caused by a disordered stomach it will not speedily cure. Physicians endorse and use it. Ministers give testimony of its efficacy; and from all directions we receive tidings of cures performed.

Dyspepsia it is sure to cure. *Heartburn* one dose will cure. *Sick Headache* it has cured in hundreds of cases. *Headache and Dizziness* it stops in thirty minutes. *Acidity of the Stomach* it corrects at once. *Rising of the Food* it stops immediately. *Distress after Eating* one dose will remove. *Cholera Morbus* rapidly yields to a few doses. *Bad Breath* will be changed with half a bottle.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS! Its unprecedented success is owing to the fact that it cures by assisting Nature to reassert her sway in the system.

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors. March 14.-cow1y. New Haven, Conn.

What is the Cause of Disease
Impurity of the Blood.
Therefore, as it is acknowledged by every body that Dr.
Strickland's Purifying Blood Bitters
will purify the blood, and thereby
the stomach, liver, kidneys, &c. Strickland's Purifying Blood Bitters
will cure Habitual Costiveness, Bad Taste in the Mouth,
low Spirits, Bilious Complaints, Bad Taste in the Mouth,
Giddiness, Pain, Flutches, and all Catarrhal Complaints.
They are a mild and safe pill, do not gripe, and may
be taken with safety by either the young or old.
They act visibly on the liver, and remove
all vitiated secretions of the blood.
Dr. Strickland's Purifying Blood Bitters
and Liver Pills
are purely vegetable, and contain no mercury or any
other poisonous drug. Dr. Strickland's Purifying Blood Bitters
and Liver Pills
are for sale by druggists and dealers in medicines
throughout the country.
Family Physician
by all druggists
Dr. Strickland's
TONIC
may be relied upon
as a speedy cure for Dyspepsia, Debility, and Nervous Diseases, the
Tonic
is a good appetizer, tones the
stomach,
digestive organs, gives tone to the stomach. The Doctor
it creates a good appetite, restores the
and strengthens the nervous system. The Doctor
thousands of letters enthusiastically recommending
Tonic
to the world.
Strickland's
Tonic
Strickland's
Tonic

MARBLE WORKS.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED! —AT THE— JOHNSTOWN MARBLE WORKS!

The subscriber has just received a large and handsome invoice of Italian and American MARBLE, comprising the largest and finest stock of the kind ever brought to Johnstown, at his establishment on Franklin Street, where he is prepared, with an adequate force of experienced and skilful workmen, to execute all kinds of MONUMENTS, Mantels, Tombstones, Table and Bureau Tops, &c., as cheap as they can be purchased in any of the cities.

A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale low.

A room has been opened in Ebensburg, a few doors west of Dr. S. S. Christy's Drug Store, where articles of my manufacture are kept constantly on hand, to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

☞ Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work delivered where desired. JOHN PARKE.

Loretto Marble Works.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties, that he has just received a stock of the finest *Italian and other Marbles at his Establishment in Loretto Cambria co., Pa., Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Table and Bureau tops,* manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business.

Now is the time to get a cheap job!

JAMES WILKINSON.

WHOLESALE

JANNEY & ANDREWS, 123 Market St. PHILADA.

GROCERS

FRANK W. HAY, WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street,* below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly on hand.

BARGAINS can be had by buying your goods for cash at Feb. 28, GEO. HUNTLEY'S.